

Native Hawaiian Singers and Players, Together With Nell Shipman in "Back to God's Country," Special Music--Liberty Theater Today



VOLUME XVI. NUMBER 264

The Ada Evening News



ADA, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1920

THREE CENTS THE COPY

LONDON TIMES ATTACKS GEORGE

INVESTIGATING SIMS' CHARGES

TAKES THE PREMIER TO TASK
FOR REOPENING TRADE RE-
LATIONS WITH SOVIET
RUSSIA

By the Associated Press

LONDON, January 19.—The Times, which ascribed the decision to re-open trade relations with Soviet Russia to Premier Lloyd George, attacked him severely and says:

"These statements, that this decision leaves unchanged the attitude of the allies towards the Bolshevik government, is regarded as a palatable and insolent untruth."

The Times further continues that Lenin will certainly take what ever goods are consigned to him, and expresses the opinion that "Mr. Lloyd George's regard for home politics and advanced labor rights had more to do with the decision than the sound views of national advancement and national honor."

The Chronicle, which is a firm supporter of the premier, attributes the decision to the supreme council and says:

"The pretense that the council is dealing only with cooperative societies and not the soviet government is camouflage."

The Chronicle maintains that "the allies must make up their minds whether they are to be at peace or war with the Bolsheviks prepare for war without delay, of take the lead in making peace."

Details of how the allies are to finance trade with Russia have not been announced. It is contended in some quarters that the decision of the supreme council to reopen trade relations had been the subject of negotiations for months past and that the initiative in these negotiations were taken by the Russian co-operative societies.

NEW REALESTATE FIRM ENTERS FIELD

The newest business to be launched in Ada is the real estate firm of Cowling and Carpenter, located in the Norris-Haney Building. The new firm starts out with everything to its advantage, so far as knowledge of the business and rustling ability go.

Mr. Cowling came to Ada few weeks ago from Stonewall. He has followed the real estate game for a number of years, and has been instrumental in putting over some of the largest deals in this section of the state. John, as every one knows him, is a regular fellow, knows everybody, never makes enemies and knows farm lands like a crow knows green corn. He has moved to Ada to give his initiative and punch wider scope and is planning some advertising in the Southeast, North and East that will be of great value to the county.

Mr. Carpenter has been in Ada several months, coming here from Stratford. He as made many new friends and demonstrated that he knows how to get business.

Robertson Declares Fourth of Prisoners Ought to be Paroled

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 17.—Five hundred prisoners out of the 2,000 in the state penitentiary should be paroled, Governor Robertson declared here today in an address before the Oklahoma Press association. He said:

Ambitious county attorneys and district judges are responsible for the imprisonment of hundreds of men who should not have been imprisoned. Men are induced to plead guilty on the promise of county attorneys that they will aid in obtaining a pardon if the confession is made. District judges are parties to this practice by permitting or approving it.

Hundreds of these prisoners are less than 21 years old, boys of good families who have started wrong. A humanitarian governor can investigate such cases and return most of these boys to good citizenship. A department of justice without the human element is bound to fail." The governor intimated that he would not call a special session of the state legislature for the purpose of ratifying the woman suffrage amendment, declaring that most of the agitation of the special session for ratifying the amendment does not come directly from Oklahoma women, but from a bunch of "he-women from the north."

Be a sport. Go to the carnival.

SUB-COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING
NAVAL AWARDS WILL GO IN-
TO CHARGES MADE BY
REAR ADMIRAL

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Complete investigation of Rear Admiral Sims' charges against the navy department's conduct of the war will be made by a sub-committee now inquiring into the award of naval decorations as soon as it completes its present task. This decision was made today by the full senate naval committee.

A motion by Senator Pittman, democrat of Nevada, to have a separate sub-committee to make the investigation was defeated. The motion to have the present sub-committee continued indefinitely was made by Senator Walsh Democrat of Montana.

Chairman Hale said the committee could not complete its investigation of naval decorations in less than 10 days and that the investigation into Admiral Sims' charges would not be undertaken until the committee had made its report on the matter now under consideration.

The inquiry into naval awards was resumed after the meeting of the full committee adjourned. Admiral Sims was called to resume his testimony which began Saturday.

District Court Resumes Labor On Civil Dockets

District court resumed work this morning on the civil docket. The session will last thru the week.

The first case called for hearing is a personal injury suit, wherein Kermit Stout is suing the M. O. & G. railroad for an injury received while in the employ of that company. He is represented by Wimbish & Duncan of Ada. The defendant is represented by Ed R. Jones of Muskogee and B. H. Epperson of Ada.

Army Transport in Danger

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The army about 500 miles out of New York, was reported by wireless this morning to the army transport officers here at 4 o'clock. Although she was leaking and her apartments were filling with water, the reports said she was in no danger. The 500 passengers were calm and comfortable, the message said. When the sea becomes smooth, the passengers will be transferred to the Star Liner Cedric, which is standing by. The transport will keep afloat several days.

Eva Sparks Thanks Carnival Committee and Public for Ring

To My Many Friends:

I realize that one of the contributing causes to the wonderful success of the Chamber of Commerce Carnival was the contest for queen, and the present of the beautiful diamond ring, and for that reason especially I am glad that I entered the contest.

I am also proud, of course, that I was the winner, and am glad to say that the contest from first to last was in the very best of spirits and closed without any hard feelings on either side.

Allow me to thank my friends, one and all, for their support, and the Chamber of Commerce for its generosity.

EVA SPARKS.

Chamber Commerce Meet at Luncheon In Very Happy Mood

The board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce met in regular luncheon at the Harris Hotel today and were all very jubilant over the outcome of the big carnival.

All the members being busy men, the business session was postponed until 7:30 this evening. They took time, however, to pass a resolution of thanks, thanking Mr. Newton and Mr. Coleman for their good work on the committee to arrange and conduct the carnival; thanking the Glimes Brothers for giving them the idea in the outset; thanking all the characters who took part in the various performances, and thanking the public in general for their liberal support and patronage to the enterprise.

A report will be received from the carnival committee at the business meeting tonight, at which time the committee will be able to tell exactly what the profits of the entertainment were.

BRITAIN'S COMET—VISIBLE TO THE NAKED EYE AND HEADED THIS WAY



DRUMMOND & ALDERSON BUY JOE ISLINGER

LAST MINUTE NEWS

Naval Vessels Leave Malta

By the Associated Press

MALTA, Friday, Jan. 16.—Orders were received Thursday night for a number of naval vessels to leave Malta for the Black Sea. Vice Admiral De Robeck left on Friday on board the battleship Iron Duke, accompanied by two destroyers and the steamer Hibiscus. Every other ship available is preparing to leave on Sunday filled to capacity with stores.

Red Organizer on Trial

By the Associated Press

ENID, Okla., Jan. 19.—Jack Terrell, alleged I. W. W. organizer, on trial for violation of the new state law against preaching the doctrine of syndicalism or sabotage was convicted by a jury in district court here and will be sentenced to from

1 to 10 years. This is the first trial to be held under the new law.

Terrell was proven guilty of circulating I. W. W. literature.

Rhode Island Scores

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The validity of the federal prohibition amendment is to be determined by the supreme court which today granted the state of Rhode Island the privilege to institute original proceedings to test it and enjoin its enforcement in that state.

Holland Worried Over Kaiser

By the Associated Press

BRUSSELS, Jan. 19.—Deep emotion has been caused in Holland by the allied demands for the extradition of former emperor William of Germany according to a dispatch. Belief is expressed at The Hague that measures will be taken with a view of inducing him to voluntarily place himself at the disposal of the allies.

Russia Abolishes Executions

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The central soviet government in Russia has decreed the abolition of capital punishment and directed that tribunals commute the death sentences already passed to various terms of imprisonment, according to a wireless dispatch received here from Moscow.

Women to Judge Boxing

By the Associated Press

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 19.—Forty-nine members of the American steamer, Machina, which struck a rock off the Nifingen Light and foundered, were lost, the only survivor being the second mate on the

HOW TO HELP THE CENSUS ENUMERATORS

I have practically completed the enumeration of the First Ward of Ada but want to make sure that no one has been missed. I want to see the city show up as well as possible and all citizens who feel a pride in the city share this feeling. If I have missed any one, please phone me or else see O. N. Walker, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce at the Harris Hotel. I have supplied him with blanks which one can fill out and which Mr. Walker will return to me for entry in the official record.

There are several at boarding and rooming houses in my district whose names I have secured but whom I have been unable to see personally to secure the data for record. I am leaving blanks for them and hope all will realize the importance of promptly filling them out and returning to me.

Another way in which you can aid the work of the enumerator is to report any new arrivals in the district. If a family has moved in since January 1 let the enumerator know about it and the matter will be given attention.

The Chamber of Commerce some days ago tendered its assistance, Secretary Walker suggesting a meeting of the four enumerators and the executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce to devise ways and means of Co-operating. I suggest that the meeting be postponed a few days until the other enumerators are nearer through and then a meeting is held.

In the meantime if you know of anyone who has been missed don't fail to let the enumerator know about it. I shall greatly appreciate such help and am sure the other enumerators will. We want to see Ada get all that is coming to it and with the assistance of the public we will see that it does.

BYRON NORRELL,
Phone JM-2

Marriage Licenses

Joe Haywood, 53, Chanute, Kans.
Mrs. Nola Updike, 43, Chanute, Kansas.

Ira Healey, 54, Ada; Mrs. Cora Curtis, 51, Ada.

C. E. Beesham, 21, Mill Creek; Josie Da'lymple, 20, Centrahoma.

J. C. Gowin, 25, Ada; Ananias Braly, 24, Ada.

Wood M. Hardin, 26, Ada; Sue Burden, 19, Ada.

George Stidham, 22, Wetumka.

D. H. Water, 26, Ardmore; Emma Miller, 19, Madill.

WREATHER FORECAST.

Partly cloudy tonight and Tues-

PAN-AMERICAN FINANCE MEET TO TALK COMPRESS

BUSINESS LEADERS OF TWENTY-
ONE REPUBLICS OF WEST-
ERN HEMISPHERE MEET
IN WASHINGTON.

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Marked by the presence of the leading financiers and business men of the 21 republics of the western hemisphere, the second Pan-American finance conference opened here today for the consideration of internal problems arising from the return to peace.

President Wilson from his sick room sent a message of greeting to the ministers of finance and other prominent visitors, declaring that Pan-American sought no selfish purpose in assisting world reconstruction, and would consider it as a privilege to fulfill the obligations imposed by the great advantage of these republics.

Secretary Lansing brought out the same idea in addressing the delegates when he said the Americans accepted the burdens thrust upon the world by the war and would press forward confidently to better days of the future.

An informal luncheon given by the federal reserve board following the formal opening of the session. This afternoon the groups from each country met to organize.

Black Belle Is Beaten With Axe Handle Sunday

Tom Ferguson of Darktown was before the mayor in police court this morning on a charge of having beaten up one Myrtle Ray with malice aforethought and an ax handle. The fracas occurred late Sunday afternoon in Darktown and seems to have been precipitated when Myrtle put down a barrage of profanity in defendant's general direction, supplementing her profane offerings with various epithets concerning defendant's material ancestry. The complaining witness who claims to occupy a high social position in Ardmore, appeared in court with the deep imprint of an ax handle on her left cheek bone. The court settled the matter by assessing the defendant Ferguson \$20.00 and costs.

Another case called was one charging a young man named Johnson with drunkenness. He was assessed \$10.75 on his plea of guilty.

State Board Resolves That Credits Should Be Given for Music

The Normal school gives out the following information that will prove interesting to many people in the town both in school and out. It is with reference to credit for work done in music under certain conditions.

It is resolved by the State Board of Education that we approve of the giving of credit in high schools to students of piano, voice, violin and the theory of music, where the teaching has been done by a person qualified, competent and properly certified to teach piano, voice, violin, and the theory of music, provided, the students take in high school the prescribed course in the theory of music.

"Be it further resolved that owing to the difficulty of giving examinations to teachers of piano, voice and violin, that we approve a plan of having a committee composed of three competent persons, one of whom shall be a representative of University, one a representative of the Music Department of the Oklahoma College for Women, and one a representative of the Music Department of the A. & M. College, this committee to pass upon the credentials of all persons applying for high school certificates to teach piano, violin, violin and the theory of music, and to recommend to the State Board of Education such persons as they deem worthy and qualified to hold high school music certificates. The pupils instructed by said teachers shall receive high school credit in the local high school when proper understanding and arrangements have been made with the city superintendent and board of education."

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Foreigners Done With

America; Leaving for

Their Native Lands

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Nearly 1,000,000 foreign born laborers have left the United States for Europe since the armistice was signed and 1,000,000 more will depart as soon as passport regulations are made less strict according to a statement issued here by the International Council of which General Coleman du Pont is chairman. These advices so excited the Mexicans that they were shouting advices to kill every American in reach, the witness said.

"The independence that has been granted the countries of Europe," it was stated, "and the fact that 30,000,000 persons, largely, are drawing aid from their governments in the form of pensions, are factors which detract from the incentive heretofore existing for foreigners to seek their fortunes in the United States."

A nation-wide educational movement among 30 nationalities in this country, having for its purpose the endeavor to "adjust the foreign born to American life," has been undertaken by the council which has held representatives of each race. More than 400 industrial and financial organizations of the country are said to be interested in the council which advocates a liberal attitude on the part of the public toward immigration" as a result of the reported unskilled labor shortage.

Bring your clean cotton rags to the Ada News office. We will pay you 3¢ a pound.

AERIAL MAIL SERVICE WEST OF CHICAGO IS INAUGURATED



Loading the first mail plane at Iowa City, Ia.

KANSAS CITY IS NOW IN MOURNING

SIGNS HITHERTO TELLING OF THE VIRTUES OF VARIOUS LIQUORS NOW COVERED WITH BLACK PAINT

By the Associated Press
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.—All posters which heretofore told the people here of the virtue of certain whiskeys and how certain beers would build them up were cast into oblivion when the federal prohibition amendment became effective.

Black paint, as if to indicate mourning, has been smeared across such signs and innocent little electric light boards, which formerly were in the service of King Alcohol, have been reassembled to enlighten prospective buyers on the qualities of other merchandise.

A few of the former haunts of Mr. Barleycorn still remain open, ostensibly for the purpose of disposing of weak and watery fluids called "soft drinks," but their tomb-like interiors have lost all of the gaiety of the wet era. At one of the downtown hotel bars last Saturday night not a customer was in evidence and the bartender was whiling away the time over the sporting page of a newspaper. In former times they were lined two and three deep and the mixed conversation along with mixed drinks gave one an impression of why they never finished the Tower of Babel.

Even sweet cider, innocuous as it may seem, can no longer be purchased. Federal authorities insist that this palid beverage has a too easy tendency to become hardened with age, especially when the cork is inadvertently left out of the container.

Only in the basements of the farsighted can liquors be obtained and the many recent deaths from wood alcohol and liquors concocted by amateurs has reduced enthusiasm over invitations to partake of the private stores.

It is estimated that there are 250,000 gallons of whiskey under government seal in Kansas City. It cannot be moved until permits are obtained from the internal revenue collector and then only on assurance that it will be sold for medicinal purposes only. At the prevailing price for bootlegger's liquor, the value of this whiskey is placed at \$20,000,000.

The Sahara period also leaves the city with 105,000 barrels of beer, brewed in the hope that the curtain of prohibition would be lifted for a brief encore. It will either be transformed into vinegar or the alcohol extracted and sold as near-beer.

Sales of whiskey may be made only to druggists with government permits, who in turn may sell only to physicians. The physicians also must obtain permits from the internal revenue officers.

Hiller's Antiseptic Oil, Known as

Snake Oil

Will Lumber You Up—A New Creation Pain Killer and Antiseptic Combined.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, stiff and swollen joints, corns, bunions or whatever the pain may be, it is said to be without equal. For cuts, burns and abrasions more thrice and crooked, it has been found most effective. Accept no substitute. This great oil is golden red color only. There is nothing like it. Every bottle guaranteed. 25c. 7c. a. d. \$1.20 or money refunded at GWIN & MATS DRUG CO.

NOBBY SUIT FOR THE WINTER TERM



New clothes are always in demand for the winter school term. Here is a smart brown duvetin suit trimmed with opossum collar and cuffs which will be very practical for the new term. The skirt is straight and rather narrow and the jacket is rather long with an uneven plenum. The style is suitable for wear at any time and yet it is not too dressy for ordinary school wear.

ORIGINAL COPIES OF DECLARATION RED "ANTIDOTE"

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Recent activities of radical propagandists led Secretary Lansing this week to display for the first time in eighteen years the original parchments of the Declaration of Independence and the constitution of the United States.

Cameras Click
In the presence of a group of officials, the parchments were removed from the protecting walls of a steel safe and placed on view in the state department for an hour, while motion picture cameras recorded their appearance.

Theaters from Maine to California and from the Gulf to Canada will exhibit the films in the coming weeks in an effort to "remove from the public mind in every city, town and village any possible effects of recent red activities."

Owing to their age, exhibition of the parchments is a rare event. Exposure to light, even though each sheet is protected carefully from air by hermetically sealed glass plates, caused additional fading of the ink inscribing the immortal words which brought the republic into being.

It was only the hysterical clamor of radical agitators that induced Secretary Lansing to enlist the co-operation of the press and motion picture industry to remind the people of this country of their debt to the land in which they live.

Signatures Indistinct

Both the declaration and the constitution were found in excellent condition. The former for many years has been very faded, due to the fact that a "letter press" copy, from which reproductions have come, was made about 70 years ago and in the wetting necessary, much

The aerial mail service, which has proved not only practical but a real success between eastern cities and between New York and Cleveland and Cleveland and Chicago, recently was extended farther west. Regular service has been set up between Omaha and Chicago. The photo shows the first plane to make the trip, taking on mail at Iowa City, Ia., midway between Chicago and Omaha. Lieutenant Obillard piloted the plane which made the trip in four and one-half hours.



DRY LAW MAKING MANY "WILDCATS"

REVENUE COLLECTORS FIND MANY STILLS IN HILLS AND HOMES OF EASTERN PART OF STATE

MUSKOGEE, Jan. 18.—With the enforcement of nation-wide prohibition and the consequent increase in the price of whiskey and other liquors has come an enormous increase in the business of distilling liquors—that is, speaking illegally. That this tendency has affected even Oklahoma is shown by reports from all over the eastern part of the state.

Just how extensive the illicit distilling operations are is difficult to determine, but a good indication of the increase is shown in the number of arrests by the government operatives. Internal revenue agents, department of justice agents, deputy marshals and special enforcement officers are busy ferreting out those attempting to evade the national anti-liquor regulations, as shown by their reports made here.

Many Plants Found.

Last year the introducing of liquor within the state was the big occupation of the federal offenders, figures demonstrate. This year the bulk of attention is being directed towards the illicit distillery—not only in the wilds of the Oklahoma mountains but in the various cities of the eastern district. Many improvised distilleries have been found in houses and other buildings within city limits, say enforcement officers.

For the last three months of 1918 only six men were brought to Muskogee on charge of illicit distilling.

During the same period eighty-six were incarcerated here on other charges. This year the proportion is different. Just fifty-one alleged illicit distillers have registered at the Muskogee federal jail, while only forty-eight have been brought in on other charges.

Drug fiends are also on the increase, as is shown by the list of twenty arrests of alleged drug users and peddlers within the last few months. From every section of the old Indian territory comes reports from federal agents that every one who knows anything about "moonshining" is trying his hand at it in these days of high prices and big sales.

"With prices running from \$20 a quart and up for even the cheapest kind of corn whiskey, moon-shining pays big dividends these days," said U. S. Marshal Enloe recently. "Every one who knows the first thing about distilling is rigging himself up an outfit and making the contraband article."

"We don't have to bother much these days about the liquor runners, as liquor is just as scarce in other sections of the country as it is here. From now on the federal men will have to direct their efforts toward getting the moon-shiners under control."

"For the next year or two their efforts will be hard to check, but we have a big enough force that we will get them sooner or later. It's only a question of time as to when they will be arrested and we want stiff sentences when we do get them—that will discourage the others. But the distilling business is distinctly a paying business in these days of record prices for liquor and they will try it just once."

In previous years the distillers have not troubled the government much—even in Oklahoma. This is

For Colds or Influenza and as a Preventative Take

"Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets"

Be sure you get the Genuine Look for this signature

E. M. Groves
on the box. 30c

HARNESS REPAIR WORK

We do expert repair work on harnesses and saddles.

Also make new harness to your order.

McKASKLE SADDLERY CO.

201 East Main
Phone 111

well shown by the number of illicit distilling cases still pending. Only twelve are still on the docket, while over 200 other liquor cases remain to be settled.

Many Cases in Court.

That stifling the liquor trade is the chief business of the government enforcement officers is shown by the docket of the February criminal term of United States court which has just been drawn up by United States attorneys. Of the 352 cases on the docket, 240 are liquor cases and over 200 are for introducing liquor into the state.

Incidentally the February docket is the biggest ever drawn here and means a busy month for jurors and court officials. Practically every case that has not been settled was ordered put on the docket by Judge Williams, who is anxious to clean up the docket before the summer vacation period.

Cases as far back as 1910 are listed for hearing on the various days. An average of about eighteen cases is on the schedule for each court day, but most of them probably will not come to trial. Twenty-four of the 110 non-liquor cases are for reputed violations of the drug act, while the other eighty-six include everything from white slavery and impersonating a United States officer to conspiracy and robbing the United States mails.

RESOLUTION FOR OPEN SHOP PLAN IS RUDE SAYS FENTON

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 17.—Charging that the endorsement of the open shop plan yesterday by the Oklahoma Employers' Association is a move to create sentiment in favor of anti-strike and compulsory arbitration legislation to be introduced at the next session of the state legislature, Edgar Fenton, president of the state federation of labor, stated last night that the federation stood ready to give every support to any local union attack in the carrying out of the plan.

The resolution which also favored the Cummins anti-strike section of the railroad legislation and condemned the section of the Clayton act which exempts labor organizations from provisions of the anti-trust law, was passed by the Employers' association in the session yesterday afternoon of the semi-annual convention held here.

"Better market conditions and lowering of the high cost of living cannot be remedied by legislation, but only by an increased production and less labor trouble," J. E. Edgerton, president of the Manufacturers' association of Tennessee, said in an address before the convention. "The open shop movement" Edgerton declared, "is the only fair means of aiding the laborers, one way toward better industrial conditions." The golden rule if applied to industrial life would decrease to a minimum all the strife

OKLAHOMA CLIMATE

JEFFERSON, Jan. 17.—The following was taken from the files of the "Old Jefferson Rustler," dated Jan. 8, 1895:

The climate of Oklahoma is like the far-famed Italian climate (for heaven's sake punch the fire), almost perpetual sunshine (stop up the hole under that door!) that kisses the ever-blooming flowers in date and vane (hand me my pencil, my ink is frozen solid!), tempests with the breezes that fan every growing leaf and blade of grass. (If this ding, dang, gol-darned weather doesn't moderate we'll freeze to death!) It is so seldom that a chilly laden wind comes from the north that we hardly know what the word cold means. (I'll be blamed if the words don't freeze on the paper, it's so cold!) Natural ice is a curiosity and our children cannot understand how it is that the rivers and streams freeze. (Fingers are so numb, I'll have to put on my mitts to finish this editorial!) Our sunny skies and congenial climate make life worth living, an all regret to leave this favored land when called hence into yonder supposed better land. (I'll be switched if the devil ain't froze fast in the ink keg.)

According to Fenton, "I do not believe that any considerable number of the employers in the association will attempt to put the plan in operation, because of the certainty that any such attempt could result in nothing but strife between the employer and employee. The passing of the resolution does not in the least change the attitude of the labor federation and we shall stand ready to co-operate with all employers who are willing to continue their friendly relations with the labor unions."

Bring in that picture and let me see it for you.—C. A. Cummins.

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—if You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—dark rings under your eyes—pimples—a bilious look in your face—dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that natural buoyancy which all should enjoy by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are known by their olive color. 10c and 25c.

Knock the "Wo" Out of Work

The "Kitchen Maid" Cabinet saves the housewife many steps and economizes her time. Madam, let us release you from kitchen bondage.

Monroe & Nickel Furniture Co.

128 West Main

Ada Cleaning & Dye Works

CLEANERS, DYERS AND HATTERS

Ladies' Fancy Cleaning a Specialty
AUTO DELIVERY

Phone 437 — 219 West Main Street

Announcement

To my personal friends and all the friends of The First National Bank of Ada, I am pleased to announce that the board of directors of The First National have elected me as the bank's Cashier.

In this new position I shall endeavor to serve the public faithfully and conscientiously. It has always been this bank's policy and firm belief that to best serve its own interests it must render the customer a service 100 per cent proof. This practice is one we shall not deviate from. At all hours of the day, six days in the week, The First National Bank will be waiting on the corner to help its friends accomplish their worthy aspirations.

The First National Bank is a big, strong, stalwart concern, able to take care of its customers in good times and hard times alike.

To those to whom this strength and dependability appeals, the officers and directors extend a most cordial invitation to join the bank's ever-growing list of patrons.

Yours very truly,
J. A. SMITH, Cashier,
First National Bank of Ada.

P. A. Norris, President.
M. D. Timberlake, Vice-President.
Tom King, Vice-President.

Correctly fitted feet is not such a puzzle when you look at Burk's Show Window.

1-17-21

* * * YE TOWN GOSSIP * * *

WE DROVE over.
TO FRANCIS last night.
AND HAD supper.
AT THE Harvey House.
OVER THERE.
AND THERE was.
A GOOD looking lady.
AT THE desk.
AND I noticed her.
WHEN I went in.
AND AS I said before.
WE WENT ahead.
AND ORDERED supper.
AND IT was a good supper.
AND WE enjoyed it.
AND THE waitress.
MADE OUT the bill.
AND I took it.
AND AS we left the dining room.
I WALKED up to the desk.
TO PAY it.
AND THE good looking lady.
WAS STILL there.
AND SHE'S blonde.
AND SHE smiled.
WHEN I walked up.
AND OF course.
I HAD to smile back.
AND I gave her the bill.

AND SHE looked it over.
AND SCRATCHED out.
ONE OF the items.
AND SAID:
"OH, WE won't charge you.
FOR THE potatoes."
AND AS she said it.
SHE SMILED some more.
AND WHAT else could I do.
BUT SMILE back at her.
AND SHE continued.
TO LOOK over the bill.
AND SHE crossed out.
ANOTHER ITEM on it.
AND SAID:
"I'LL JUST cross out.
THE CELERY."
AND JUST then.
MY WIFE came up.
AND I'LL bet.
THAT IF she'd stayed away.
FOR ANOTHER two minutes.
WE WOULD have arranged.
THE BILL.
SO THAT all.
IT WOULD have cost.
WOULD HAVE been.
FOR THE toothpicks.
AND THE water.
I THANK you.

* * * SOCIETY * * *

First Leap Year Party

The Home Economics Club of the Normal began the New Year bright on Wednesday evening, January 14, by giving a Leap Year party, complimentary to the young men of the school. The unique invitation ran thus:

"The New Year has come with a 'Leap', don't you know
To give all young ladies a chance
for a beau.
So on next Wednesday eve, that is,
if you agree.
A young lady will come from our
own H. E. C.
To bring you to the normal.
If you can't or you can
Accept this invitation. Take the
word to Miss Fran."

The invitations were issued on Monday and many were the conjectures on the partner of each invited guest as to what fair lady should call for him. This was determined by the Fates in the form of a pasteboard box and some slips of paper, but not until Wednesday at 4 p. m. after the boys had gone home from school. At seven o'clock that evening some thirty or more young ladies were seen in various parts of the city, going by twos and threes, in search of these same young men. After calling at various places, losing their way, their rubbers and their patience as well they finally succeeded in "rounding up" the boys and bringing them to the Normal. When they arrived the most noticeable thing was the pleased expression on the faces of the young men, who until this time, were not sure but that they were to be the victims of a joke.

The library into which the guests were ushered was decorated in the club colors, turquoise blue and white and presented a hospitable appearance. An Edison lent its music to add to the charm.

After all had arrived, each young man was given a heart and six lemons. He also had the name of some noted character penned on his back and he was to guess his identity from the proposals made to him by the young women. If he guessed his name he gave his heart to the girl who proposed so well. If he could not guess he gave her a lemon and there was a contest to see who could get the greatest number of hearts.

Following the proposals came progressive games including Uncle Wiggly, Dominoes, rook, animal, threading buttons, tit-tat-toe, geography cards, patent medicine and some others.

Another feature of the evening's entertainment was the guessing of the silhouette's placed in various parts of the room. These were of well known people both in school and downtown, of the school people Mr. Gordon's was most easily recognized and of the towns people Senator Harrison's.

About ten o'clock the guests were invited to the Home Economics room which was also tastefully decorated with the club colors and potted plants. Here, delicious refreshments, consisting of cream rolls and coco with marshmallows were served. Then the guests reluctantly departed for home. All declared they had had a delightful time and expressed their appreciation to Miss Francisco for the

work done by the club.

Miss Mildred Kale who found and returned the pocket book lost by Miss Clara Patterson. We are very grateful and wish Miss Kale to know that we appreciate her action.

Mrs. R. H. Patterson. 11*

One set of ties in black, brown and tan. Assorted widths.—Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-21

Card of Thanks.

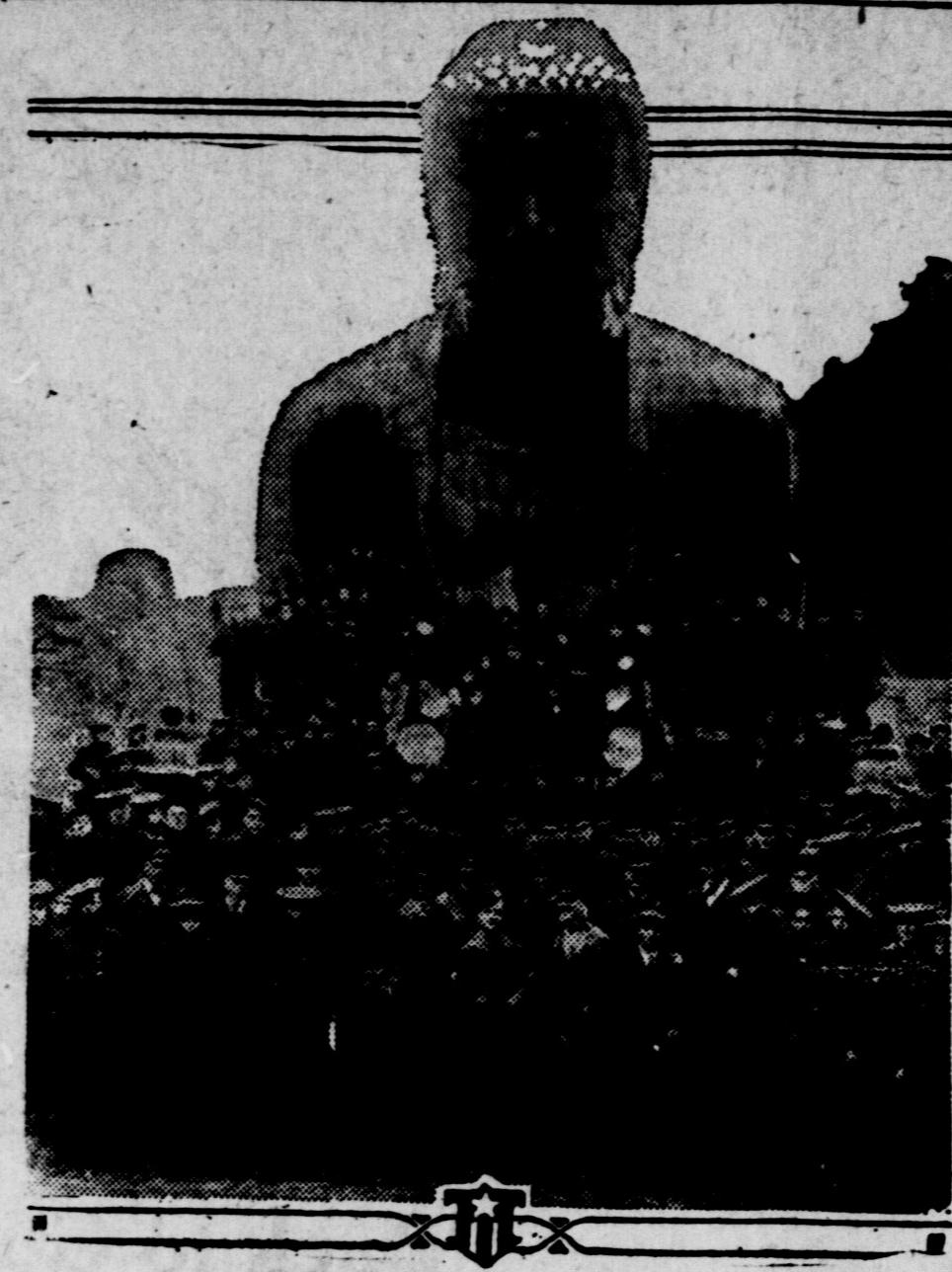
We take this means of thanking Miss Mildred Kale who found and returned the pocket book lost by Miss Clara Patterson. We are very grateful and wish Miss Kale to know that we appreciate her action.

Mrs. R. H. Patterson. 11*

We will pay the highest price for second-hand furniture and stoves. Phone 53—Conley & Son. 1-15-1f

Let a Want Ad sell it for you.

AMERICAN SAILORS SEE SIGHTS OF JAPAN



Sailors before great Diabuku at Kamakura, Japan.

Sailors of the U. S. S. Dakota, stationed in Japanese waters, enjoyed a sightseeing tour about that country recently as guests of the Knights of Columbus. They are shown above grouped before the great Diabuku at Kamakura.

WHY ADVERTISED INSTITUTIONS SUCCEED

Because people have formed the habit of looking first in the newspapers to see what bargains are offered.

These are not times when one starts on hit or miss shopping trips. Prices are high, and people do not buy things until they absolutely have to, or until they are offered some bargain which they believe has special value.

When a woman finds that she needs a certain article, the first thing she does is to look over the newspaper advertising. She makes a note of the stores that make special offerings in that line. She visits those stores first. By the time they have hauled out their stock of goods for her to look at, the chance that a non-advertised store can get her business on that purchase is about equal to the value of a last year's cattle show ticket.

And in looking over the advertising for things they want, most women find other things offered at prices which they believe it is economy to accept.

"Lack of advertising is the cause of most bankrupt institutions."

Thirty Books of Great Fiction

Great Fiction Can Give You a Better Knowledge of Human Nature, Restore the Past to You, Show You the Glory of the Commonplace, Keep Before You the Vision of the Ideal, and Give You the Mastery of Your Own Language.

HOME READING COURSE NO. 6

A certificate, bearing the seal of the United States Bureau of Education, signed by the Commissioner of Education, will be given to each person who gives satisfactory evidence of having read all the books on the accompanying list. You are invited to join the great national reading circle, making your own selection from the reading courses provided.

THE best and most complete expression of the ideals and tendencies of any people at any time is to be found in their literature. For modern times this expression is to be found most often and most fully in great works of fiction. Without an acquaintance with some of these books it is impossible to know the inner life—the real life—of the peoples of whom such a knowledge is most worth while.

Any reading of history, any scientific study of economics or sociology should be supplemented by some reading of the writings of the masters of fiction. The Home Education Division of the Bureau of Education has therefore prepared the following list of 30 books of fiction, mostly modern for those who wish to read to good purpose in this field.

The value of such literature is well indicated by Dr. Alphonso Smith, of the University of Virginia, in his book, *What Can Literature Do For Me?* He says of literature of this and other kinds that it can give you an outlet for your own ideals and thoughts, it can keep before you the vision of the ideal, it can give you a better knowledge of human nature, it can restore the past to you, it can show you the glory of the commonplace, it can give you the mastery of your own language.

At the end of this list of 30 books is a list of 5 books helpful in fixing a purpose and acquiring a method in reading. Those who take this course of reading under the direction of the Bureau of Education will be expected to read these 5 books also.

For admission to this course it is necessary only to write to the Home Education Division of the Bureau of Education, Washington, D. C., giving your name, post office address, your age, and a brief statement of your education and occupation.

RUB-A-COLD

Cures Children Right
The child's stomach is not iron. It is delicate and sensitive, taking intensely, often leave permanent injury. And fail to cure, too. Try the right way.

The Salve That Grows In
Applied to the chest—it penetrates to the lungs—restores the cold sore throat—prevents pneumonia and influenza. It acts where the germs are; but enters through the pores. No heat, redness, no pain, or unpleasantries. It's a time-tried remedy with a penetrating feature. When "flu" rages or pneumonia is about—he not without it. Prepare now.

TRAIL JAR 250—TRIPLE size 50c.

At The Drug Store.
Alexander Drug Co.
Laboratories.
Oklahoma City, Okla.

the history of the world," \$3,978. 134,947. to be exact.

Bill says the unions will bless the Kansas industrial court bill. The kind of blessing we have not heard from union labor is not permitted to be transmitted through the mails.

ITCH!

Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, or other skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk.

GWIN AND MAYS DRUG CO.

Any Successful Business Man

—will tell you, you cannot succeed without a bank connection. A bank account has been the starting point in the careers of ninety-nine successful business men out of a hundred. Can you point out the exception?

You must begin some time, why not now? Our many years of successful bank management has enabled us to build a banking institution that can and will meet all your legitimate requirements. Our conservative methods and modern equipment will appeal to you. We pay 4 per cent on savings accounts, interest compounded twice a year.

Oklahoma State Bank

"The Bank Where Depositors Feel Safe."

C. H. RIVES, President

H. P. REICH, Vice-Pres.

L. A. ELLISON, Cashier.

JOE STAFFORD, Vice-Pres.

H. J. HUDDLESTON, Assistant Cashier.

MAIN AND TOWNSEND, ADA, OKLA.

Ivory Ware, Fine China, Cut Glass SPECIALS

We carry a stock from which you can select anything you want in the finer lines of Chinaware, Ivoryware, Cut Glass, etc.

When you want something out of the ordinary, in these lines, something specially artistic and distinctive in design, 'twill pay you to come here.

We will please you better, will save you money.

CO-ON
JEWELER
AND
OPTICIAN
ADA, OKLA.

For---

Real Estate and Farm Loans

SEE

Cowling & Carpenter

Over Bart Smith's Drug Store, in Norris-Haney Building

STALL'S STUDIO

YE TOWN GOSSIP

ONE OF the things.
THAT CAUSES trouble.
IN MARRIED life.
IS THE question.
WHETHER THE window.
SHALL BE left open.
OR WHETHER it shall be closed.
AND AT first.
IT LOOKS perfectly innocent.
AND YOU can't see.
HOW ANYTHING serious.
CAN ARISE from it.
BUT THERE have been cases.
WHERE WHOLE sets of china.
HAVE BEEN wasted.
IN THE effort.
TO SETTLE the question.
AND LAST night.
I GOT ready.
TO GO to bed.
LIKE I always do.
AND IT was cold.
AND I shivered.
AND THANKED the stars.
THAT WE had.
A NICE warm room.
AND GOT fixed nice.
BETWEEN THE blankets.
AND MY wife asked me.

IF I'D opened the windows.
AND I told her "no."
AND SHE insisted.
THAT THE air.
WAS AWFUL close.
AND SHE would suffocate.
BEFORE MORNING.
AND THAT it was unhealthy.
AND EVERYTHING.
AND I had to get up.
IN THE dark.
AND PULLED up the windows.
AND PULLED them down again.
ALTHOUGH SHE didn't know it.
AND WENT back to bed.
AND SHE was satisfied.
AND SO was I.
BUT LIKE a poor fool.
I LET her get up first.
THIS MORNING.
AND SHE went to the window.
TO PULL it down.
AND IT was already down.
AND SHE began to see light.
AND TURNED to me.
AND I pulled the blankets.
UP OVER my head.
BUT IT was useless.
I THANK you.

ANOTHER SHORT STORY
ADOPTED TO SCREEN

Conspicuous among recent photoplay successes, in which a magazine story has been used as the script for a motion picture production, is "Bonnie, Bonnie Lassie," now playing at the Liberty Theatre. Universal bought the story as it appeared in Ainslee's Magazine under the title "Aul Jeremiah" and filmed it with Mary MacLaren in the starring role.

In buying the works of popular authors for filming, Universal has made it a rule to adhere as closely as possible to the original story. This is done for the reason that the

story has already won recognition as it originally appeared and any change made must be toward greater dramatic force.

Tod Browning directed the production at Universal City. Supporting Miss MacLaren are such widely known players as Spottiswoode Aitken, David Butler and Arthur Carewe.

"Bonnie, Bonnie Lassie" tells of a Scotch girl who comes to America to make her fortune. She refused a twenty-million "commission" to marry the nephew of a rich old codger; gets a job as a sign-painter and eventually marries the young chap anyway.

Resort Hats Do Their Turn



There is a continuous performance in the drama of millinery, and now the headliner is due to appear. Resort hats are about to enter and to take the center of the stage, eclipsing the gay company of dance and theater hats that preceded them. Never have they arrived in such force or such variety before—for at least half the world appears to be going a-touring, bearing with it the most beautiful millinery that money, spent recklessly, will buy. The genius of designers blossoms into its loveliest creations in these resort hats. They are made for people who are discriminating and appreciative, to whom price means little, but style and distinction everything, and they set the pace for spring—in several lines. For the term includes several classes of hats, with street and sports hats holding first place among them and fragile, short-lived but lovely dress hats flashing into and out of existence in a brief but glorious career. Some of these leave a trace in the styles that follow for spring and summer, while the street and sports hats just about decide this matter of styles.

The group shown above, a sports hat, two dress hats and one that will serve for various occasions offer an alluring variety for the consideration of the younger tourists. Row on row of very narrow ribbon with a picot edge covers the sports hat at the top of the picture. Its broad brim, faced

Keep the Railroads
For Five Years Is the
Advice of Mr. McAdoo

BY H. P. BURTON

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—"What would I do if I were president?"

William G. McAdoo, sitting at his desk in the Equitable building, looked out over Trinity church to the flat Jersey coastline beyond. And he said:

"I think there are things much nearer and more important to the fact so that they will insist that question. What we want to consider now is the question of getting peace in the world. For until we ratify the treaty and establish the basis of peace, we can have no world order and hence no national order—no world prosperity and hence no real national prosperity—for long."

"Under existing conditions no American business man can deal in import or export trade while the bases of peace are still undetermined and the international credit situation remains in its present chaos, and the economic situation is kept in a state of uncertainty. As export trade declines, so does national prosperity decline. The people must be made acquainted with this fact so that they will insist that the obstructive tactics now employed in Washington by the Republican senators shall cease and world order be quickly restored."

Exports Involve Railroads.
Our foreign trade is, of course, linked up with our railroad system and our merchant marine system, so that this problem of getting peace quickly is intimately connected with the matter of immediately energizing our transportation systems.

"I came to know enough about the railroads of our country while I had the job of running them on a wartime basis—while we were railroading, the kaiser to defeat—to know that upon their proper functioning depends the welfare of our people.

Oppressive War Taxes
"Oppressive war taxes must be reduced, as I believe they can be reduced, if the congress displays the proper wisdom. The war taxes are in any case unwisely and inequitably distributed. With proper statesmanship our tax laws could be revised so that they would bear less onerously and hurtfully upon business and the people as a whole, by a more equitable distribution of the burden. This needs to be studied not in a partisan spirit, but in a fine spirit of genuine service to the American people. The responsibility of revising these tax laws, rests upon the Republican congress and they must not shirk it."

Which brings me logically to a piece of unwritten history concerning the plain Americanism of William Gibbs McAdoo. Recently one of the greatest of the allied nations proffered to McAdoo a decoration in honor of his work during the war and he just naturally refused it, quietly but as effectively as if he had advertised his refusal.

It is safe to say that, if in the future, there should arise between the U. S. and a foreign nation any incident requiring the operation of a decisive Americanism, "favor received" would not embarrass William Gibbs McAdoo, if fate had placed him at the helm of the land of the free.

The Way Out In Ireland

New York Evening Post: Lloyd George drove to the heart of the Irish problem when he declared yesterday that a settlement would not be found in the enactment of a Home Rule scheme, but in its operation. G. K. Chesterton once said that the trouble with Christianity is not that it is difficult and has failed, but that it is difficult and has never been tried. A thorough-going remedy for Ireland's ills has never been tried, to the point of being actually applied.

The first duty of a Government that would render justice to Ireland and bring peace to the Empire is to rid itself of the paralyzing fatalism which is still too common among Englishmen when they speak of the sister island. It is no more true of Ireland than it is of any other country or any other problem that what has been must be. In any case, how can the assertion be maintained until the attempt to refute it has been made? It may be that the institution of a single parliament at Dublin would mean revolt in Ulster. Let it be shown whether Sinn Fein will boycott its own Parliament in Dublin. Sir Edward Carson, true to form, foresees that the Lloyd George scheme will not work. Let it be actually shown that Belfast can not work its own legislature successfully.

As for the partition of Ireland, seemingly involved in the Lloyd George proposals, there is every reason to believe that the separation will not be permanent. The pull of historic habit and of economic forces will draw the two sections together if once the passions of the moment can be demobilized. The German Empire had its origin in a Zollverein, an economic union. The two unwilling partners in Ireland, divorced on account of temperamental incompatibility, may yet be reunited by the bonds of a common economic interest.

Joints that ache, muscles that are drawn or contracted should be treated with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It penetrates to the spot where it is needed and relieves suffering. Sold by Bart Smith.

If we had that "goose that laid the golden eggs," we'd trade it for a working hen. McAlester News-Capital.

The most beautiful woman in the United States will be at the LIBERTY THEATER next MONDAY and TUESDAY.

Some Things You Ought To Know About Advertising

Advertising is not a mystery any more than salesmanship, merchandising, law, government, blacksmithing and farming are mysteries. It is the close application of common sense; it is built and based upon Confidence. So is every business transaction—every social relation, civilization, life itself. Keep that thought in mind.

The greatest successes we know are advertising successes. More money is made through this medium than any other. The business man who fails to see and appreciate this truth, is, to say the least, unfortunate. He is wilfully throwing away money. Any business minus a reasonable amount of newspaper advertising is unstable. If there were any surer method to business success than through the medium of newspaper advertising, someone would have discovered it long ago. Be assured of that.

We believe—we have always believed—that if the business organizations of our town and community would use more discretion in their advertising, and use more advertising space in the newspapers, this would, more than anything else, discourage the mail order business. The mail order houses appreciate good advertising. Why? Because it gets the business.

Today no business concern can survive without judicious advertising, and the success of any institution is just as great as its advertising makes it. A river cannot rise above its head. A business cannot rise above its advertising. Advertising is to business what gasoline is to an automobile. No matter how good may be your automobile, it will not go without gasoline. Think about this.

We are on the eve of a new advertising era. It will be just as big as we care to make it, or as small. Advertising is one of the greatest forces in the world. It has accomplished purposes which no other agency has ever been capable of doing. The printed word reaches further, is more effective, and brings things to pass more quickly and satisfactorily in almost every instance than the spoken message. You will agree that the great liberty loan and other war work drives were brought to a magnificent conclusion through the aid of the printed message in the newspapers of this country. You will also agree that advertising is the only agency that could have accomplished so great a task in so short a time. Think of the many millions of dollars that have been passed along to the aid of Uncle Sam, and his great cause in behalf of humanity. Newspaper advertising played an important part in every drive; in fact, it is safe to say that the newspapers were potent factors in every undertaking looking toward the maintenance and comfort of our troops abroad as well as those of our camps and cantonments in this country.

Other Media Secondary

We are all aware that there are numberless avenues through which the public can be reached, billboards, street cars, dead walls, circulars, souvenirs, etc. But in the opinion of the merchant princes of the world these and all other modes of advertising are but secondary to newspaper advertising. There are many men in business who fail to take newspaper advertising seriously, to the extent of employing it to promote their enterprises. They refuse to be convinced. They lose out eventually. You know of many of them in the past few years who have gone into the discard as a result of their failure to advertise.

Remember always the bigger the business, the more it needs the assistance of sound advertising. Never put off until tomorrow the profits you should be making today by having advertised yesterday. If you could gather five or ten thousand prospective buyers into a large auditorium daily and talk to them, you would not need newspaper or any other advertising. But you can not do this, so the only alternative is to put those same words into print and send them to prospective buyers through the newspaper. Can you think of a better way? If so, we would like to have you tell us—it would be the greatest discovery of the age. The newspaper is always a power in any community, either for good or evil. Advertising can do nothing for the man who disregards it. Advertising doesn't add to your resources so much as it multiplies them.

We say to you conscientiously that the local newspaper is the greatest merchandising force in the world. It has helped build some of the world's greatest organizations; and the fact that some of the world's greatest stores advertise extensively and constantly, is proof that IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE. Knowledge plus enthusiasm plus advertising, equals prosperity. Time means money. Advertising saves time. Your advertisement in the newspaper has greater weight than what you say personally because it has the additional weight of the newspaper's recommendation which combines in giving the buying public confidence in you and your merchandise.

Do you wish to increase your business? We'll give you the answer—we'll tell you how to do it. Increase your advertising, and watch it grow. What! Do you doubt our statement? Ask some of the biggest concerns in the world. They'll tell you we speak the truth. Think about this, and ask yourself every day of the week if you are advertising enough. May we not come in counsel with you to help solve some of your advertising problems? Call on us—let us talk it over anyway. We know a whole lot that will be of great value to you.

THE TWO BIG NEWS PUBLICATIONS

Julia Bottomly

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

By the News Publishing and Printing Co.
Ada, OklahomaMarvin Brown President
Otis B. Weaver Vice-President
Mattie Louise Brown Secretary-TreasurerMarvin Brown, Editor
Luther Harrison, Associate EditorW. D. Little, Business Manager
J. Fred Orr, Advertising Manager

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OVERLOOKING A BET

The democratic women of Oklahoma county seem to be laboring under a mistake, judging from the action taken by their county convention last Saturday. It is evident from their pronouncements that they consider themselves barred from the Muskogee convention and that the approaching convention of women in Oklahoma City will be held simply to placate the democratic women of the state: "We have been given something to play with," declared Mrs. Van Leuven in the convention of Saturday.

The truth of the matter is the women of Oklahoma have equal rights in the Muskogee convention, and a convention of their own in addition. Some time ago Ben LaFayette was informed that a national organizer of democratic women would be in Oklahoma City presently and that said organizer would like to meet as many women as possible. To gather as large a crowd as possible, LaFayette asked the women to meet in county conventions and elect full delegations to meet the national organizer at the state capital. Such meeting has nothing in the world to do with the regular state convention at Muskogee.

At the approaching state convention at Muskogee women will have equal rights with men. In the county conventions to be held a week from next Saturday women have the same rights as men. They are not barred from either state or county convention. More than that, it is the duty of every democratic woman in the state to attend the county conventions and participate in such conventions. And every county convention in the state should elect mixed delegations of men and women to the state convention.

Instead of women being assigned to a little side-show, as some of them have believed, they will have equal rights with the men in the regular conventions and in addition will have an exclusive convention of their own. In other words they of that land he saved from terror have finally dragged him half of a convention.

THE FALL OF IDOLS

The parasites of politics have got Clemenceau. The iron hand that gripped a nation and hurled it like a flaming thunderbolt at its foes has been palsied by men who in all seasons never fail to play the game. The martial victories of the "Old Tiger"—for in days of war he was a king of battle—have been forgotten by my lords of the loaves and fishes. Through three of the most terrific years in history he stood foursquare against the powers of the German Empire, but the politicians of that land he saved from terror have finally dragged him down.

Of that triumvirate who framed the treaty of Versailles two have already met the knife. "The lonely man of the White House," whose affliction has been capitalized as a joke by his enemies, was the first to know that partisans care less for the honor and glory of a nation than they do for the advantage of a party. Now Clemenceau has learned that men who study statecraft in cellars have no use for nations only as a means to a political end. And all signs indicate that Lloyd-George will be repudiated before another year is born.

Many reasons have combined to bring about the downfall of the world's leaders in the world's Gethsemane. Some of those reasons are sinister. Many of those reasons are silly. The most potent, perhaps, of all is the disposition of the public to grow tired of anyone who remains very long in the public eye. The Athenian voter voiced a mighty philosophy when he said that he was voting to ostracize Aristides because he was tired of hearing him called "Aristides the Just."

Thus the world grows tired of its benefactors and in quest of the novel turns to the new and untried. Like children of the market place, we say to those who have served us best: "We have piped unto you and ye have not danced: we have mourned unto you and ye have not lamented." And thus the politicians of France turn from a figure whose name is known throughout the nations and select as president a man unknown outside of France. There is much that is pathetic in the repudiation of the "Old Tiger." But freedom's children are pleased to know that he did not need the office to place his name among the immortals.

If the senate had sold the peace of the world for a few million dirty dollars instead of selling it for the German and Irish vote, they would have done nothing more dishonorable, or more disastrous to the people of the world.

PROGRAM OF MEETING AT CHRISTIAN CHURCH TONIGHT

There will be a special meeting at the Christian church this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the interest of a new building. Every member of the church is urged to be present, and friends of the church are very welcome.

Following is the program:

Song No. 301—"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name."

Song No. 308—"Battle Hymn of the Republic."

Prayer—A. C. Chaney.

Song No. 289—"Stand Up for Jesus."

Scripture Reading—Prof. R. G. Sears.

Male Quartet—Cunning, Parker, Emerson and Walters.

Reading—Mrs. M. L. Perkins.

Song No. 265—"I Love Thy Kingdom, Lord."

"The Necessity of a New Church Building"—Judge Busby.

Open discussion.

"What Kind of a Building Do We Need?"—C. V. Dunn.

Open discussion.

"How to Raise the Money for the Building"—Wayne Wadlington.

Male Quartet—Cunning, Parker, Emerson and Walters.

Address by State Secretary J. Fred Jones.

Discussion.

Refreshments.

Benediction—J. Fred Jones.

YESTERDAY AT THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Yesterday was one of the best days we have had at the Christian church for a long time. To begin with, there was the largest Sunday School there has been for many months. Then a goodly audience assembled for morning worship. The audience was pleasantly surprised at the presence of our state secretary, J. Fred Jones, who gave a helpful message, occupying the preaching hour. The Endeavorers had a good meeting at 6 o'clock. A large audience was present at the evening church hour. Every seat was occupied and chairs were added. The minister preached on "The Four Living Creatures of the Apocalypse, or Revelation." He explained and proved by the Scriptures that these Four Living Creatures are the four grand divisions of the earth—Asia, Africa, Europe, and America. The Bible says the first was like a lion, the second like a calf, the third had a face as of a man, and the fourth was like a flying eagle. They were living creatures, had eyes before, behind, and within; each had six wings, they could talk, sing, and worship. All these characteristics are true of these four grand divisions, or will be true in the millennium, of which John had a vision. The special music morning and evening was excellent.—C. V. DUNN, Minister.

Births.

A baby girl was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Walby. Mr. Walby is a teacher in the Colbert school north of the city.

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

In the plan of its organization and in the pedagogy and psychology involved in its administration, the junior high school movement, though comparatively new, has already proven its merits and has met with universal approval because of the results produced. The six and six plan which involves the junior high school idea separates the twelve years of the high school curriculum into two periods of six years each. The first six years is subdivided into three years primary work and three years intermediate work. The next six years are high school years, the first three—the seventh, the eighth and the ninth grades—being the junior high school and the last three years the senior high school.

It is apparent therefore, that the Junior high school idea takes the boy and the girl at the beginning of the adolescent period and fits the curriculum to the needs of the child and not the child to the needs of the curriculum. It has seemingly taken the schools of this country a long time to discover that Ancient History and Latin have been a contributing cause to the serious break between the grammar grades and high school, a break that is largely responsible for so many boys and girls leaving school just at the time when they should be in school. Unfortunately, too, the high school of previous years was built too much for pre-professional training, disregarding too much the manual and vocational demand in the training of the great mass of people who are never interested in the professions.

The Junior High school is an attempt to correct this by giving the adolescent mind in these formative years an opportunity to discover itself in some finding course and then having found its bent, to foster and develop it through the remaining years of the high school course. In the application of this principle, the junior high offers and encourages vocational and manual training, domestic economy and commercial courses at the time in the life of the child when these tendencies appear and are most active. This supplies the motive and the interest that tides the pupil over the years when temptation is strongest to leave school and gives him an opportunity to train toward the line of work for which he seems inclined. In its administration, the plan calls for departmental work in the hands of teachers thoroughly equipped for and especially adapted to this work. More intensive and more definite training is the result, a result which fills both the demand for practical training and the demand for the training that prepares for the remaining years of the high school.

It is the plan of the present administration of the Ada schools to organize the junior high school next year. The plan will place the seventh and the eighth grades in the ward schools at the high school building and will make these grades a part of the high school. The pu-



"Back to God's Country"

(By JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD)

Showing at the

Liberty Theatre Today

SPECIAL MUSIC FOR PICTURES

JEFFERSON'S NATIVE HAWAIIANS — SINGERS AND PLAYERS
VAUDEVILLE AND PICTURES

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

Best Equipped Plant in Southeastern Oklahoma;
Capable Workmen; Good Service.

ADA EVENING NEWS

Phone 4

Haywood-Updike.
Joe Haywood and Mrs. Nola Updike were married this morning at the court house by Justice Brown. Both parties live at Chanute, Kansas, where Mr. Haywood is in the oil business.

Miss Agnes Cameron, a student of the Normal, left Saturday for Lightning Ridge, where she will teach.



Displays of the New Fashions

These displays are of universal interest to all women, we believe, for they are giving introduction to the new fashions, a forecast of the modes of the new season to come.

Frocks for Street, Afternoon and Evening

Entirely new style motifs are noted both in line and color. Indeed, color comes again into its own and there is a revival of all the brilliant tones—especially in frocks destined for sport wear.

The New and Lovely Spring Gowns

Marked by their immense fascination and cleverness of line. The new modes feature smart, new silhouettes and embody new lines of character that will win the admiration of the most discriminating. Executed in the new spring materials, such as plain and figured Georgettes and Chiffons, Foulards, Crepe Meteors, Tricotettes, Satins, Crepe de Chine and Taffetas. Also the smart tailored Tricotines and Serges. Women's and Misses' sizes.

\$75 Down to \$25

THESE NEW ARRIVALS NOW READY FOR YOUR APPROVAL

The Surprise Store
Established 1903
115-117 West Main St.
Phone 117

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Have your photo made at West's.

Bert Dorsey left Saturday for Roff to spend the week-end.

See our windows now.—Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-2t

C. J. Reives left yesterday for Clinton, Okla., on a business trip.

D. Johnston of Lawrence was in the city Saturday on business.

N. T. McAlister will furnish sacks for your peanuts. 1-19-5td-1tw

Miss Agnes Hall, student of the Normal, spent the week-end at her home in Maud.

"Dairy Maid" Creamery Butter at 65 cents a pound.—Raing Grocery. 1-16-2t

Sam Coleof Burk Burnett, Tex., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Joe Choate, of 401 N. Oak.

A few flowers come like a ray of sunshine to a sick friend.—Ada Greenhouse. 1-18-2t

John Crawford, local attorney, made a professional trip to Tyrola Saturday evening.

"Dairy Maid" Creamery Butter at 65 cents a pound.—Raing Grocery. 1-16-2t

Miss Pearl Rockefeller has returned from a visit with relatives in Seaman, Kansas.

N. T. McAlister will pay you the highest market price for peanuts. 1-18-5td-1tw

Miss Georgia Weems, student at the Normal, spent the week-end at her home in Sulphur.

I will load a car of peanuts this week. Highest market price paid. —N. T. McAlister. 1-19-5td-1tw

Whit Fentem, who is with the Stratford Bank, spent the week-end at his home in the city.

O. C. Martin returned to Washington, D. C., Saturday after being in the city on official business.

Miss Bess Kelly, student of E. C. S. N., left Saturday for her home in Hickory for the week-end.

Wanted, by Feb. 1st, a white woman with fairly good education to care for children.—Mrs. P. A. Norris. 1-17-2t

Mrs. Alice Jobe, 401 N. Oak, left Saturday for her former home in Francis for a few days' visit with friends.

Misses Ray Cooper and Kate Griffith left last night for Tioga after a day's visit with Miss Griffith's mother.

Don't fail to hear the sermon at the Christian church Sunday evening on "The Four living Creatures of the Apocalypse." 1-17-2t

Miss Effie Hodges of Sulphur arrived in the city Saturday for a few days' visit with her brothers, Jim and Dewey Hodges.

Mrs. H. W. Carver, teacher in the high school at Center, spent the week-end in the city with her friend, Mrs. M. L. Hudson.

Dewey Hodges of Sasakwa spent the week-end in the city visiting with his brother, Jim Hodges, a senior at the Normal.

F. D. Harden of the Avery Co. was visiting friends in the city Saturday while enroute from Ft. Smith, Ark., to his home in Roff.

Mrs. Charles Rinard and her two little girls, Gerty and Ruby, left Saturday for Hickory for a visit with Mrs. Rinard's mother.

Miss Della Sherman left last night for Sherman, Tex., to resume her duties as a teacher there after visiting relatives in this city.

G. R. Dillingham of the Daily Oklahoman was in the city yesterday visiting his cousin, J. M. Spencer, of the Criswell Undertaking rooms, while enroute from Idabel to Pauls Valley.

Maurice Gordon arrived home Saturday from Tupelo, where he is teaching, to spend the week-end with his parents, Prof. J. M. Gordon and wife. He was accompanied by Miss Ruth Gibbs, primary teacher at the same place, who was guest of Miss Geneva Gordon.

Announcement

We wish to announce that we have formed a partnership and will sell insurance for the MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., organized in 1851, sixty-nine years ago.

THE MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL is one of the best companies in America. It is conservative, reliable and worthy of the consideration of those who want the best.

May we not talk the matter over with you?

MILES C. GRIGSBY
LEE HUBER

Mrs. C. E. Johnston left Saturday for few days visit in Hickory.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Ratcliff left this morning for a visit in Oskaloosa.

B. E. Whacker underwent an operation at the local hospital yesterday.

Mrs. Clark Abbott left Saturday for Davis for a few days visit with friends.

Miss Anna Lipstein of Sherman, Texas is visiting Mrs. J. B. Hill on East 12th Street.

Hawaiian steel guitar for sale. Free lessons. Call at Liberty Theatre. 1-19-2t

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Houpt left this morning for Henryetta on an extended visit.

Walter Goyne returned this morning from a business trip to Idabel and other points south.

Chas Orr returned this morning on the 11:28 Frisco from a business trip thru the South.

Walter Phillips, head clerk for Drummond and Alderson, is making a business trip out in the country.

W. N. Neathery returned this morning from a business trip to St. Louis, Louisville, Ky. and New York City.

Dr. McNew, eye, ear nose and throat specialist, left on the noon train for Wetumka on a professional call.

Joe Anderson, Jr., returned Saturday to his home in Ranger, Texas, after visiting with home folks in the city since Christmas.

Mrs. Minnie Johnston of Holdenville, left Saturday for Lawrence after visiting in the city with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Condren.

E. T. Burk and Mrs. C. D. Price, of Burk's Style Shop, left yesterday for Chicago and New York to be gone two weeks buying Spring goods.

Miss Rudolph Lewis, who is employed at Joshef Bros. Co. of San Antonio, Texas, is in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lewis.

W. P. Casey and family have recently located in this city, coming from Altus, Oklahoma. They are not strangers here, however, as they formerly resided here three years ago.

James W. Huff, Supt. of schools at Francis, and wife left this morning for their home after spending the week-end with Mrs. Mary Bentley, 905 E. 9th St.

Mr. and Mrs. John Agnew and mother, Mrs. J. M. Stuart, visited friends between trains at Centra-homa yesterday and were accompanied home by Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Stuart of that place.

J. B. Hill, County Agricultural Agent of Pontotoc County, left yesterday for Stillwater to attend the Farmers Short Course in Agricultural Instruction. He will be gone two weeks.

Miss Mattie Lucas returned to Fitzhugh Saturday to resume her teaching after having been confined at her home a few days with a broken collar bone sustained in an accident on the play grounds at her school.

Chick Kemp and Cisco Cheethé, of Tishomingo, accompanied Gene and Ches Byrd to their home in Stonewall Saturday for a few days' visit. All attend the Tishomingo high school and are on the basketball team which lost to the local lads Friday night.

Senator S. L. Johnson of Okmulgee is in Ada today. He will deliver an address this evening to the A. O. U. W., of which order he is high official. The senator has visited Ada before and is well acquainted here.

Miss Della Sherman left last night for Sherman, Tex., to resume her duties as a teacher there after visiting relatives in this city.

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Twenty-five million persons will be looking for this picture. The Hearst publications, "Cosmopolitan" and "Good Housekeeping," which are using the "Back to God's Country" stories are starting a nationwide newspaper campaign. They will publish full page advertisements, to be followed by half and quarter pages in forty-five of the greatest dailies in the country. Their combined circulation is 9,000,000 and they easily reach a reading public of 25,000,000. Watch for these advertisements in your own hometown, then place your advertising on the picture and watch the results.

No exhibitor need have the slightest hesitancy in playing up this picture to the limit. You cannot go too strong on advertising it as a most unusual and unique picture. You may rest assured that if you play it right you will crowd your theatre, and everyone who sees the picture will be delighted. And they will remember the play and talk about it, and it will make them remember the theatre that showed it.

(Signed) Ernest Shipman.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 26th day of August, 1919.

(Signed) George R. Grant,

Notary Public.

J. B. Mahaffey of Harris Wall Paper and Paint shop has returned from a month's vacation at Corpus Christi, Texas.

Mrs. J. A. Poe and son, Edgar Allen, returned this morning from Wilburton, Okla., from a few days visit with relatives.

Mrs. Fred Bowles and Miss Vina Massengale of Sasakwa spent the week-end with Miss Anice Bowles of this city.

W. C. Cory has resigned his position with Dunlap's store, and left this morning for Muskogee, where he has accepted the management of the New Phoenix Clothing Co. W. C. Bumpers, who has been connected with Dunlaps for some time succeeds Mr. Cory. Mr. Cory will return in the near future and move his family and household goods to Muskogee.

Walter Goyne returned this morning from a business trip to Idabel and other points south.

Carnival Great Success and All Are Well Pleased

Saturday night witnessed the close of the Chamber of Commerce Carnival which was staged in the city hall and which lasted for one full week.

The executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce and all the committeemen express themselves well pleased at the outcome of the plan, and if there are any sore spots anywhere along the line the fact has not become known.

Much credit is due J. M. Coleman of the Ada Motor Co., and William Newton, proprietor of the Honest Bill Shows, for the success of the venture. They worked incessantly from the opening until the closing day, and these are the ones who can say that they didn't stage the best home talent performance ever pulled off in the city.

The receipts of the carnival for the six nights were as follows:

Monday \$175.75, Tuesday \$208.85,

Wednesday \$270.75, Thursday \$208.85,

\$158.18, Friday \$334.37, Saturday matinee \$54.75, Saturday night \$744.15, making a total of \$1,942.80 for the six nights.

On account of sickness in his home, P. A. Norris was unable to attend the carnival and it occurred to the committee that he ought to be fined \$57.20, an amount sufficient to bring the receipts up to even two thousand dollars. Mr. Norris agreed that the fine was just and gave his check for that amount. He was forthwith given a receipt in full and discharged. The receipt for the fine was signed by R. C. Roland, judge of the carnival kangaroo court, and the chairman of the committee. It read as follows:

"Ada, Okla., Jan. 19, 1920.
Received of P. A. Norris the sum of \$57.20 in payment of all fines against him for bootlegging, crap-shooting and contempt of court, and the further consideration of the dismissal of all charges of every kind and character against him now pending in the court presided over by Judge R. C. Roland."

R. C. ROLAND, Judge.
"JAS. M. COLEMAN."

Amassador Arrives Unannounced

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—After Lucak Martin, the self-styled ambassador to the United States, had given a brief history of himself, and his life in Russia, the senate committee investigating Bolshevik propaganda in the United States adjourned suddenly today because its members had other urgent engagements.

It was announced that the committee would meet at his call probably Wednesday and that in the meantime Martin was to consider himself in the custody of the committee.

One explanation of the Harrold vote is that he didn't like Washington.

The reason the American Theatre is always packed to capacity with people who know what they want is because it always presents the top-notch productions.

Tonight the American is showing Pearl White in "The Black Secret," and Pearl White is one of the immortals of the film world. Her name and fame have gone to every nation and every clime where moving picture shows are known.

Pathé News No. 1, news that is news while it is new, is worth the price of admission any time it appears. The events of the world in

the picture show are known.

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MON. ELJU ROOT'S SPEECH ON RUSSIA

SAYS AMERICA HAS DEFAULTED AND THAT WE HAVE NOT KEPT FAITH WITH RUSSIA

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The American people are in default to Russia in the opinion of Elju Root, chairman of the mission sent to that country by President Wilson. Assurances of friendship have been empty except for the language used in making promises, he contends. The views of the former secretary of state on the perplexing Russian question were voiced in an address at a private dinner of the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce in this city December 29, at which no reporters were present. At the request of members of the organization, Mr. Root consented to having his remarks made public.

After denouncing the "horrid group of cut-throats and assassins" now in control in Russia, Mr. Root declared they could be fought most effectively by supplying the "self-sacrificing men who are now trying to save their country," with munitions of war, shoes and clothing and money to pay their troops. "There are three or four things I would like to say," Mr. Root said. "One is that we are in default as to Russia; the American people is in default. We have given assurances of friendship. We have made promises, we have used the strongest words in the English language. I don't know whether there are any stronger words in Russian. But if there are, and we had known them, we probably would have used them, because we have indicated that there was no limit to the friendship which we were ready to show towards Russia, and we have shown no friendship toward Russia except in words."

"Many opportunities have come and have been allowed to pass. Many situations have arisen in Russia where, if the American people had made good one-tenth of what they declared they were ready to do, the skies would be bright in Russia today. They have been allowed to pass without action. There are many things we might have done. I am not going to criticize; I am going to assume that our government had good reasons for not acting upon all the favoring occasions which seemed to challenge action in behalf of Russia; I am going to assume there were good reasons for not acting; but we have not acted. It is a shifting scene. It looks pretty dark there now, but it will shift again, and unless we do something to prepare to act when the next occasion comes we shall not be ready, and there will be no action."

"It appears that if there is to be any action to make good our assurance to Russia, the American people must get behind the words that have been spoken in their behalf, and call for action. This is how we got into the war. We did not get in until the people of the United States were wakened up to the imminent occasion for action, and with their mighty driving power put our country into action themselves. Let us do something now, if we can, to be ready when the next opportunity comes."

"The next thing I wish to say is that now is the time to lay the foundations, to take the first steps to establish the relations necessary for the friendly and useful intercourse of trade between the United States and Russia. One form of activity which carries no condescension on one side nor humiliation on the other, which is beneficial to both parties, is fair trade. The people of Russia need—deeply, desperately need—the things that we can supply to them, by the establishment of intercourse in the exchange of products, which has been the basis of all the prosperity and the opportunities for growth among civilized nations."

"Now is the time for us to put ourselves on a footing with Russia which in the days to come, when the skies have cleared and order is re-established, will make the Russian people and the American people co-partners in the exchange of products which will benefit both. "Other nations are doing it. The Canadians are doing it, the Japanese are doing it, the Germans are doing it; many others. We alone with all our enterprise, with all our initiative, with all the habits and the traditions and the capacity for affirmative and vigorous and progressive action, built up in the course of the last century during which we have made this great country what it is—with all that, we alone hang back. That is something which now the business men of America can begin to see for themselves; and the effect will be that those poor fellows in Russia whose course of production and of trade has been broken up by the terrible events of the last five years, will begin to receive from America some benefits other than the enjoyment of mere rhetoric, something besides empty words."

The third thing I want to say is, Russia is the place for America to fight and destroy Bolsheviks.

We are fiddling around here a few Bolshevik agents, and pick up a dozen or a hundred make a great outcry in the press about deporting them, among the thousands; and the o have gained control of

old Russia by the use of German money, by the use of mercenary troops, by the exercise of a tyranny and of terrorism and cruelty never surpassed in history—those men are using the resources of that great, rich country to pour out a steady stream of propagandists, who laugh at our feeble efforts.

"We are like the physician who attempts to heal a mortal disease by a poultice upon the surface, instead of cutting to the seat of the infection and curing the wound. The way to destroy Bolshevism is to put the strength and heartiness and courage and hope of prosperity into the people of Russia, who are ready themselves to destroy Bolshevism if they can but have the means to support life and to hold themselves together, and to secure supplies and ammunition and to pay their troops and to furnish them with shoes and clothing, and to make head against that horrid group of cut-throats and assassins and tyrants who are now oppressing them. That is the way to fight Bolshevism, at its centre, at its source, the source of its supplies and the sources of its strength. And we sit idle, doing nothing."

"I have lost no faith in the future of Russia. It is but a short time, less than three years, since the Czar was dethroned. We made made our Declaration of Independence in 1776, and amid turmoil and confusion and dissension, we reached a settled government only in 1789, more than four times the period that has elapsed in Russia; and we had the advantage of great and unprecedented experience in the art of government, for we had been building up self-government for a century and a half, when our American Revolution came."

"How long it was before France—France, with all its culture, its science, its art, its literature, its polite manners—before France achieved its Revolution and settled government after it. In 1793 she beheaded Louis XVI. and then came the Terror and the Directoire and the Empire and the Restoration and the Second Republic and the Second Empire; and two generations passed before she reached her goal of settled popular government."

"The English beheaded Charles I in 1649. How long it was before she attained settled conditions. Eleven years later she so despaired of the success of her attempt to secure popular freedom that she went back in the Restoration of Charles II, and it was not until what the English called the glorious Revolution of 1688, nearly forty years after, that her affairs became settled."

"Long before the expiration of the periods in which any of these nations now at the forefront of popular self-government achieved settled conditions, long before that period has elapsed, I look to see Russia work out her own questions; work them out as she is working them out now, through bloodshed and suffering and travail, to the consummation of a strong and competent democratic republic. And where will America be then? A friend, a true friend? Or one faithless to professions of friendship? Can we remain quiet, and see that great consummation wrought out, without lifting a hand to make good the profuse promises with which we greeted the revolution of the Russian people? Every consideration of good faith, of honor, of public policy, of selfish interests, conspires to make it the duty of American citizens to take thought now upon how to make it the duty of American citizens to take thought now upon how they can help Russia, prove the reality of their friendship for Russia, establish the foundations for a firm friendship in the future."

"We should do it by our own efforts. The men in production and in trade can do something now without waiting, the American people can make ready now for effective assistance upon the next opportunity that comes; and we can do it by bringing to bear upon the government of our country the clear knowledge and assurance of the wish of the American people, that our friendship shall be real and not false. If the people of America show the sincerity of their professions, be certain the government of America will answer; and when the government of America is sure that the American people wish it to act as a true friend of Russia, not a fair weather friend, not a lip serving friend, not a rhetorical friend, but a true friend indeed as in words, the government of America has the power and will exercise the power, to help the poor fellows, the noble fellows, the self-devoted and self-sacrificing men who are now trying to save their country in Russia from the control of the tyranny that oppresses them—to help them effectively to sell."

"Take that leaky radiator to Emerson—he can fix it. 1 door E. Harris Hotel. 12-30-tfd t.w."

This is the best time in all the year to prune your trees but the matter of conservation of the sprouts is being overlooked. In France they use them for fuel and in the old days they used to carefully place them on pegs behind the teacher's desk."

Step a Head Oxford in black and brown—Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-2t.

The state democratic committee calls on the republicans to repudiate the Hardey vote to seat Berger. How would it be for the independents to nominate a candidate for senator and let Gore and Hardey fight it out as the regular party nominees?

New Spring dresses arriving often at Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-2t.

NEWS NOTES FROM MOVIELAND



Marie Prevost.
with emotional sincerity or comedy results according to the exactions of the role assigned to her. She must by all means add loveliness of countenance and vivacity of manner to gifts of a pleasing personality and suggest in her deportment the decorum of personal propriety."

Some order! And to think Marie is all of that!

* * *

MATT MOORE IS BUSY

Matt Moore is holding down two jobs at once. He is playing the leading male role in Marshall Neilan's newest production and is cast opposite Louise Glaum in the J. Parker Reid picture now in the making under the direction of Joseph Henaberry. Matt went out west for a vacation. And so it goes.

* * *

MRS. WALLY REID AT WORK

Dorothy Davenport, otherwise known as Mrs. Wallace Reid, is returning to the screen. She is playing an important role in "The Fighting Chance," with an all-star cast of players, headed by Conrad Nagel and Anna Q. Nilsson.

* * *

"BLIND YOUTH" SCREENED

They have started "Blind Youth" at the Brunton studios without the youth. Leatrice Joy is playing the leading feminine role, but the person for the name part has not been selected.

TULSA EMPLOYERS TO "FREE LABOR"

OPEN SHOP PLAN IS PROPOSED AS "RELIEF FROM TYRANNY," SAY FATHERS OF THE PLAN.

TULSA, Jan. 18.—Tulsa business men believe they are fighting the "closed shop" plan of the labor unions for the same reason that the labor unions have for years fought for their ideals—tyranny of one class over another.

It has been the contention of union labor that employers have in the past dictated the hours of work, the conditions and the wages, whereas the laborer should be given this right. This, primarily, was the cause for the formation and success of the labor unions, in that these conditions have been remedied in a large degree through the united action of those "who had labor to sell."

Unions Are Fought.
Employers now claim in starting the open shop movement, that the labor unions have become tyrannical in dealing with their own members, in insisting upon dictating the hours of work, the conditions, and with whom union men may do business. This is characterized as equally as bad as the action of trusts and combines of large financial interests to stifle competition.

Although men who are working for the open shop plan here claim it is intended to give the non-union man an equal chance with the union member, labor leaders declare it is aimed at the principles upon which the unions are founded, the right of collective bargaining.

Organization Started.
At the recent organization of the Patriotic Friends of Labor here, in which eighteen of the civic clubs of the city participated, the following resolutions were adopted as the ideals for which the organization will work:

"We pledge ourselves to free the laboring man from the bondage of organized oppression in order that they may be in fact, as well as in name, free, loyal, patriotic American citizens; and that we insist that the laboring men may at all times for themselves determine for whom they shall work; the number of hours per week they may work, and with whom they may labor; with whom they may have business relations and trade; what kind and make of

clothing they and their wives and children may wear; what kind of food they may eat, and from whom it may be purchased; what amusements they may attend; what patriotic or other organizations they may join or become affiliated with; what their hours of recreation may be, and to what funds they may or may not contribute.

"That in all enterprises in which we are now engaged requiring the services of labor we will insist upon applying the principles of a square deal for the laboring men as above set forth and in every legitimate and lawful manner to aid him to success and prosperity as a freeborn, patriotic American citizen."

* * *

So much style and beauty is seldom expressed in ladies' fine foot-wear as you may now see in Burk's Show Window. 1-17-2t

The crux of the problem seems to be to find some way of preserving our freedom without having our freedom destroy us and to be forced to work out an industrial peace without having the peace enslave us.

CHEST CLOGGED UP WITH HEAVY COLD?

Don't give it a chance to "set in"—use Dr. King's New Discovery

THAT dangerous stage where a cold or cough or case of grippe might get the better of you may be nearer than you think. Prompt action with Dr. King's New Discovery will avert a long siege.

For fifty years it has loosened congested chests, dissipated tight-packed phlegm, broken vicious colds and coughs. Give it to the youngsters—take it yourself. There will be no disagreeable after-effects.

60c. and \$1.20 a bottle. At your druggist's. Give it a trial.

Bowels Become Normal
—liver livens up, bile flows freely—headache, biliousness, tongue-tie, stomach-sourness, disappear when Dr. King's New Life Pills get in their natural, comfortable action.

Purgatives, never pleasantly corrective, sometimes habit-forming, should not be taken to rack the system violently. Nature's way is the way of Dr. King's New Life Pills—gently but firmly functioning the bowels, eliminating the intestine-clogging waste, and promoting the most gratifying results. Cleanse the system with them and know the boon of regular bowels. 25c. at all druggists.

Pontotoc County Poultry Show and Awards of Prizes

The Pontotoc County Poultry Show which was held in Ada, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week was bigger and better than ever before. In fact those who have been watching the show every year say that each show is better than the preceding one. The quality of the birds at the late show was exceptionally good and most of the popular and best known varieties were well represented.

The awards were placed by Judge Geo. C. Wihans of Oklahoma City.

Following is a complete list of awards.

White Wyandottes: J. F. Weldon, 1-2-3 cockrel, 2-3 pullet, 1-2 cock, 1-2-3 hen, 1-2 pen. 2nd best display: champion cockrel in show, all breeds competing.

Mrs. N. T. McAlister: 1st pullet, 3rd pen.

Wylie G. Blanks: 3rd cock.

White Orpingtons: W. B. Johnson, 1st Cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st pen.

S. C. White Leghorns: Mrs. C. S. Aldrich, 1st Cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st pen.

Rhode Island Reds: H. J. Huddleston, 1st cock, 1st pullet, 2nd pen.

Mrs. C. S. Aldrich: 1st cockerel, 2-3 pullet, 1st pen.

Buff Orpingtons: Lute Douge, 1st cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st cock, 1-2-3 hen, 1st pen, 3rd display. Champion pullet in show all breeds competing.

Black Minorcas: Mrs. L. A. Riddle, 1st cock, 1-2 hen.

Light Barred Plymouth Rocks: H. L. Buchanan, Atoka, Okla., 1-2 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st cock, 1st hen, 1st pen, 1st display.

Dark Barred Plymouth Rocks: H. L. Buchanan, Atoka, Okla., 1-2 cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st hen, 1st pen, 1st display.

Silver Wyandottes: Mrs. H. J. Huber, 3rd cockerel.

Brown, 1-2-3 cockrel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1st cock, 1st pen.

Partridge Wyandottes: John Skinner, 1st cockerel, 1-2-3 pullet, 1-2-3 hen, 1st pen.

Partridge Plymouth Rocks: Hardy Roach, 2nd cockerel.

Junior Department

Dark Cornish: Oba Robertson, 1st tri.

Silver Wyandottes: Browall Coffman, 1st tri.

White Leghorns: Eileen Earnest, 1st tri.

Buff Orpingtons: Miss Miller, 1st tri.

Herman Floyd: 2nd tri.

White Wyandottes: Donnel Boring, 1st tri.

Barred Plymouth Rocks: Jewel Dew 1-2 tri.

First Baptist Church

The Sunday School came back to normal again at the First Baptist yesterday when they had 432 present. There was lots of enthusiasm throughout the school and 1920 bids fair to be the greatest year in our history.

The pastor preached to a packed house at the eleven o'clock hour, on the subject, "Setting the world right side up."

The Sunbeams and Juniors had a great meeting and the attendance was splendid.

The Senior B. Y. P. U. had an enrollment of fifty and had present forty-four. The program was well rendered. Several new members were received.

Another packed house greeted the pastor at the evening service when he brought a message on the subject, "Burden Bearing". There was one fine young prominent business man converted who also united with the church. There were five others who came into the church by letter making a total of six additions.

Beginning Next Sunday, January 25th, we will have a county training school at our church lasting a week. We will have two expert Sunday School and B. Y. P. U. workers with us as the teachers. We are expecting Christian workers from other churches in the coun-

TOO WEAK TO DO ANYTHING

A Serious Feminine Illness Remedied By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Casco, Wis.—"After the birth of each of my children I had displacement and was so weak I couldn't do anything. I found a book about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so thought I would try it and after taking it I soon felt better. That was fifteen years ago and I have felt well ever since except that I had a slight attack of the trouble some time ago and took some more of my Compound and was

MUTT AND JEFF—It's a Wonder Jeff Ever Got Out of the War Alive.

By H. C. FISHER



News Wants

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Second hand Ford touring car, good as new.—W. E. Harvey. 12-22-tf

FOR SALE—New Ford coupe with starter. \$225. Never been run. Phone 323.—Earl Williams. 1-19-21*

FOR SALE—Dodge roadster, first class condition, good tires, would trade for Ada property.—Earl Williams. 1-19-21*

FOR SALE—41 acres of land 1 mile south of Rollow corner.—R. C. Jeter at Rollow Hardware Store. 11-17-tfd-tfw.

FOR SALE AT \$900; good home on Third Street, 4 lots. See H. C. Thompson, over Guaranty State Bank. 1-16-4t

FOR SALE—White Wyandotte pullets from Weldon's strain. Price \$2.00 each.—Mrs. Byron Norrell. Phone JM 2. 1-17-3t.

FOR SALE—Practically new Girl's Bicycle. All late improvements—skirt guard, bell and new tires. Ruby make. Call News Office. 11-5-tf.

FOR SALE—Registered Duroc-Jersey hogs; a few bred gilts; at reasonable prices. Phone 625. Joe Rushing. 1-10-tf.

FOR SALE—12 room house on East 14th St., 100 foot front, orchard, barn, servant house. Everything modern. Terms if desired. Phone 818 or see A. L. Bowles over First National Bank. 12-31-tf.

Good 7 room house, double garage, barn, well, cement cellar, nice lawn and shade trees, cement walks, seventy-five foot corner lot. A bargain at the price. 2 room house for \$600. 3 room house and 2 lots for \$650. 2 room house on Main Street for \$1000. New 5 room house on East 12th St. 6 room house on East 14th St. 4 room house for \$1700. MELTON & LEHR . 1-17-tf.

News Wants

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Span of mules and delivery wagon.—Roy Rains. 1-19-tf.

FOR SALE—180 acre farm, 3 sets improvements, close in, priced right. A. L. Bowles, phone 818. 1-6-tf

WANTED—Second-hand picket fencing. Call 530-R or 406. 1-15-tf

WANTED TO RENT—2 or 3 light housekeeping rooms, close in. Phone 18. 1-17-3t*

WANTED—Second hand furniture and stoves.—O. K. Auction Co. 208 East Main. Phone 681. 10-14-tf

WANTED—Your old mattresses to work over. 401 East 10th.—E. A. Smith. Phone 170. 11-11-tf

WANTED—2 nicely furnished rooms by young couple for light housekeeping. Close in. Call 668. 1-17-4t

WANTED—Second hand saddle, light weight, gents size. Must be cheap for cash. Phone 339. 1-17-2t*

WANTED—Good live agent to handle toilet articles and other lines of work. Good pay. Call 619, Day Nursery. 1-17-tf

WANTED—We pay more for second hand furniture and stoves.—Monroe & Nickell Furniture Co. 10-22-tf

LOST

FOR RENT OR SALE—Two five room modern homes. Call at 521 E. 16th street or phone 299. 1-15-6t*

FOUND

FOUND—package containing \$6.00 worth of drygoods, bought at Moxers' call at 108 East Main Street, pay for this ad and get your bundle. 1-16-tf

FARM AND CITY LOANS a specialty.—Cowling & Carpenter. 1-17-tf

FARM LANDS and city property a specialty.—Cowling & Carpenter. 1-17-tf

HEMSTITCHING, button making.—Mrs. M. A. Cassidy, over Guaranty State Bank. 11-26-tf

WHEN YOU THINK of a real estate loan, you will naturally think of Cowling & Carpenter, over Bart Smith Drug Store. 1-17-tf

FOR TRADE—Dandy 5 passenger, new top, good all around condition Olds 8 Cyl. Car. Want trade in on house and lot for a home.—Grant Irwin Garage. 1-17-5t

REMEMBER, the Cyclone season is drawing near and you cannot afford to be without insurance. Insure your Homes, Barns, Grain, Horses, Cattle and Hogs with Cowling & Carpenter and know that you are protected. 1-17-tf

IF YOU WANT TO SELL your city property, list it with Cowling & Carpenter. If you want to sell your farms, list them with Cowling & Carpenter. If you want to borrow money on your farm and want the money real quick, see Cowling & Carpenter, as we represent the best and strongest companies in the Southwest. And then we are in a position to let you have a greater portion of your loan down at once if you need it to make a quick deal. Which puts us in a position to help you in a way that most loan men are not able to do.

Call and see us over Bart Smith's Drug Store, on Rollow corner.—COWLING & CARPENTER. 1-17-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 223 Cherry Ave. 1-19-8t*

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, for one of two gentlemen. Private entrances connecting bath. Mrs. Edward Rowland, 705 East Main. Phone 470. 1-14-tf

IDENTIFICATION BUREAU WANTED

WARDEN SWITZER PUTS APPROVAL ON RECOMMENDATION OF DR. J. C. DUNCAN, RECORD CLERK.

MCALESTER, Jan. 18.—F. C. Switzer, warden of the Oklahoma state penitentiary here, has put his approval upon the recommendation of Dr. J. C. Duncan, record clerk of the prison, that a state bureau of identification be established at the institution and will take active steps to secure legislation necessary for the maintenance of such a bureau.

The bureau, according to the plan of Dr. Duncan, would be modeled after that of California. The plan would be for police officials in the state to make finger prints of every person arrested, so that a means of identifying habitual criminals would be supplied. The California identification bureau shows that it was directly responsible for the recovery of \$59,000 worth of automobiles, as well as numerous other goods, jewelry, firearms, etc., according to a report made by Dr. Duncan to Mr. Switzer.

SERVED "TIME" BEFORE.

Records at the penitentiary show, Mr. Duncan says, that 61 per cent of the prisoners have either served time in some penal institution or have a police record. If finger prints of the criminal were received at the time of the crime, apprehension of guilty persons would be greatly speeded, Mr. Duncan thinks.

Mr. Duncan's recommendations in his report are in part as follows:

Through our finger print exchanges we have received 359 identifications of prisoners now serving time here, and 450 who have previously been inmates of this institution who have been arrested or sentenced to prisons elsewhere in the United States.

We have on file at this institution 15,274 finger prints and this number is rapidly increasing, owing to the various exchanges and the interest the peace officers of the state are taking in this branch of identification.

SAVING TO TAXPAYERS.

"An item of saving to the tax-payers, in addition to the recovery of stolen property, is the identification of previous records of criminals arrested and charged with crimes, who, upon being advised of such previous record, will confess to the crime charged, and enter a plea of guilty, thereby saving the expense



ZENSAL

Stops-the-itch

DRY ZENSAL for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and all dry, scaly eruptions. MOIST ZENSAL for Weeping Skin and all watery eruptions. All druggists or by mail for 75 cents the jar.

THE ZENSAL CO. OF OKLAHOMA CITY

Note Darling, President.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

SPANELL FREED BY TEXAS JURY ON THIRD TRIAL

By the Associated Press

BROWNWOOD, Texas, Jan. 17.—Harry J. Spanell was acquitted of the charge of murdering Col. M. C. Butler, by a jury in district court here today, after two hours' deliberation.

The case, brought to Brownwood from Coleman, Tex., on a change of venue, went to trial January 5. It was given to the jury at 12:30 P.M. today.

It was the third time Spanell, a music teacher, had been tried for murder in connection with the slaying of Colonel Butler and Mrs. Spanell while they were on an automobile ride with him at Alpine, Texas, the evening of July 20, 1916.

The jury's verdict sustained the defendant's plea that his acquittal in January, 1917, of the charge of murdering his wife, was in effect an acquittal of a like charge in connection with Colonel Butler's death.

The jury did not, therefore, specifically pass on Spanell's guilt or innocence in connection with the slaying of Butler.

The defendant was not in the court room when the verdict was announced this afternoon and although there were many spectators present, there was no demonstration.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE". To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. Grove. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.

NOTICE

I have moved two blocks south of Rains' Grocery store. Lee Smith. 1-17-15d 2tw.

View our new variety of ladies' low cut shoes and see how they compare to anything in the state.—Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-2t

Lodges

I. O. O. F.

Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting every Thursday night.

LEN HARGIE, N. G. H. C. EVANS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.

Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.

R. H. GLADWILL, W. M.

F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M.

Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.

D. W. SWAFFAR, H. P.

F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

R. W. O. W.

Ada Camp No. 568 meets every Tuesday night, I. O. O. F. Hall, 7:30 o'clock.

HUGH BENNETT, C. C. C. E. CUNNING, Clerk.

B. P. O. E.

Ada Lodge No. 1275 meets second and fourth Monday nights in each month.

H. CLAUDE PITTS, Sec'y.

M. M. WEBSTER

PYTHONIAN & SURGEON

Office: First National Bank Building

Office Phone 1. Res. Phone 325

ISHAM L. CUMMINGS

Physician and Surgeon

X-Ray and Electro-Therapy Laboratory

Office Just East of M. & P. Bank

T. H. GRANGER

Ed Granger

Phone 259

GRANGER & GRANGER

Dentists

Phone 212

Norris-Haney Building

1st Stairway West of Rollow's Corner

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Notary Public and Stenographer

R. H. GLADWILL

Room 6, M. & P. Bank Building

Telephone 265

DR. J. A. DEEN

Physician and Surgeon

COUNTY SUPT. OF HEALTH

Office 118½ E. Main Res. 900 E. 10

Phone 663

Phone 174

D. C. ABNEY

Real Estate, Farm Loans and

Insurance

I make my own inspection.

Guaranty State Bank Building

Phone 782—Residence 310

Ada, Oklahoma.

MELTON & LEHR

Real Estate, Farm and City

Loans and Insurance

Office in Rollow Building

Phone 106

F. C. SIMS

Real Estate, Fire and Tornado In-

surance—Farm and City Loans

A share of your patronage is solicited

and will receive prompt attention.

Office in I. O. O. F. Building

Office Phone 886. Res. Phone 882

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Say Boy!

YOU OUGHTA SEE THE NEW STYLES
JUST ARRIVED IN—

Corduroy Suits

Tan, brown, black and mouse shades; 100 suits, ages 6 to 18; just the ticket for rough school wear and by buying them now we saved considerable over next fall's price—thereby a big saving to you.

\$10, \$12, \$13.50



PROHIBITION FAILS GENTLY ON PUBLIC

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS HAVE PASSED AND THE WORLD MOVES ON IN THE SAME OLD WAY

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Uncle Sam has been legally "dry" now for 48 hours. Prohibition in its nationwide aspect has fallen upon the country gently, it is reported by federal internal revenue officials, largely because of well stocked cellars and the knowledge of the accessibility of Cuba where a man may quench any kind of a thirst and still be within the law. Meanwhile drug stores and candy emporiums are reported doing an increased business where a "twink" at the soda fountains nowadays carries no more suggestion of a "kick" than a dash of ginger.

Meanwhile the churches and other organizations are celebrating the final triumph of prohibition after a "campaign" which, they say, lasted 278 years. Next Monday the army of clergymen in Greater New York who meet annually for a union meeting and who represent nearly every sect and creed—Jewish, Catholic and Protestant—will gather here and listen to addresses by Federal Prohibition Commissioner Kramer, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League and other notables in the "dry" fight.

Similar jubilee meetings, it is said, will be held in other parts of the country. Tomorrow will be "Law and Order Sunday."

At these meetings, various speakers are expected to touch upon some of the historical dates of the anti-liquor movement in America, which had its inception in Maryland in 1642 when the colony passed a law "punishing drunkenness by a fine of 100 pounds of tobacco."

Other curious events in the struggle to give John Barleycorn the count may be recalled, as follows:

Pennsylvania colony in 1644 made it legal to sell liquor to Indians as well as whites, but a few years later Connecticut and Rhode Island penalized rum selling to the redskins by imposing heavy fines. In 1650 Connecticut passed a law forbidding "tippling" for more than half an hour at a time." Four years later Massachusetts fined inn-keepers 20 shillings for catering to a drunken man. Maryland in 1658 voted to put any person found drunk "in the stocks for six hours." Virginia decided "a common drunkard" was any person who had been intoxicated three times.

Even the clergy in Virginia sometimes looked too long upon the wine when it was red. It became so bad that the assembly passed a law "prohibiting ministers from giving themselves to excess in drinking or in playing at unlawful games." New Jersey decided in 1668 that no person should be permitted to drink "after 9 P. M." Massachusetts two years later posted drunkards' names in public houses. The Quakers of Pennsylvania and New Jersey in 1685 declared against intemperance. New Hampshire in 1700 forbade innkeepers from permitting "townspeople from remaining in their houses drinking on Saturday night or Sunday."

Trade in liquor with the Indians, meanwhile, grew rapidly. It caused Maryland colony in 1715 to prohibit selling of "more than one gallon of liquor a day to any Indian under penalty of 3,000 pounds of tobacco." In 1757 the Georgia colony forbade the granting of a license to sell liquor to any person "capable of gaining a livelihood by honest labor." Pennsylvania Quakers in 1760 endeavored to abolish the use of liquor at funerals.

Dr. Benjamin Rush, perhaps the greatest American medical authority of a century and a quarter ago, in 1785 issued his celebrated essay dealing with the effects of alcohol on the body and mind. Four years later the first "temperance society" in the country was organized by 200 farmers in Litchfield County, Conn. In 1794 the "Whiskey Rebellion" in opposition to the tax on distilled liquors, broke out in western Pennsylvania and was suppressed by the military. In 1802 congress passed a law enabling the President to "take steps to prevent the traffic in liquor with the Indians."

The Sober Society, founded in Allentown, N. J., in 1805, was the next step towards prohibition, the forerunner of numerous organizations founded later for dethroning King Alcohol. Not many years afterward the American Society for the Promotion of Temperance was organized in Boston.

Following the organization of the Congressional Temperance Society in Washington, the first national temperance convention met in Philadelphia in 1823. Next year congress enacted a law forbidding the sale of liquor to Indians under \$500 penalty. The Presbyterian General Assembly in Philadelphia at that time also declared against the liquor traffic. Neal Dow, the "father of prohibition in Maine," organized the Maine Temperance Union in 1837 and in 1839 Connecticut invented local option, by leaving the licensing of saloons to the towns themselves.

Inauguration of the Washingtonian Movement was announced in 1840 and within a year it reported 100,000 signers of the pledge. In 1842 Abraham Lincoln addressing the Washingtonian Society of Springfield, Ill., urged "a temperance revolution." The next year Oregon passed a prohibitory law but repealed it in 1848. In 1843 John B. Gough, "arch foe of intemperance," began a lecture in Massachusetts for 75 cents a night. Two years later, "ensnared by a trick of his enemies," he became intoxicated but continued his cam-

paign against drink both at home and abroad.

The democratic legislature of Maine in 1846 enacted a prohibitory law. In 1848 the Methodist Episcopal Church forbade members "buying, selling or drinking intoxicants." Father Matthew, the renowned Catholic temperance advocate, arrived from Ireland in 1849 and began his pledge-signing crusade throughout the United States. A riot over the license question in Chicago called out the militia in 1855. Prohibitory laws which had been passed in several states were repealed and in other cases license amendments made them ineffective.

President-elect Lincoln in 1860 refused to furnish drinks to the Notification Committee sent on July 1 to notify him of his election and returned unopened the hampers of wine and liquors sent to the White House. In 1861 he signed an act of congress "forbidding the selling or giving of intoxicants to soldiers." In 1862 congress repealed the law allowing a gill of whiskey ration to men in the navy. Kansas in 1866 passed a local option and prohibitory law. Ohio in 1870 passed the Adair law making the liquor seller and the property owner jointly responsible for "injury caused by liquor."

Francis Murphy delivered his first temperance sermon in 1871 and helped to organize the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America. Three years later women actively entered the crusade for temperance, the Women's Christian Temperance Union being organized on November 19, 1874. Vermont in 1876 passed a law declaring saloons to be "nuisances." In 1883 came the era of high license laws, several states undertaking to control the traffic by taxation.

In 1884 the third plenary council of the Roman Catholic prelates at Baltimore, Md., declared against the liquor business. The Protestant Episcopal Church organized the Knights of Temperance Society in 1885 and similar organizations were formed by other religious denominations. In 1886 congress enacted that "instruction concerning the effects of alcoholic liquors shall be given in the schools of the District of Columbia, in the United States Military and Naval Academies and in other schools under government control."

Ohio in 1888 passed a Sunday anti-liquor law. In 1890 the Secretary of War ruled that "no ardent spirits or wine shall be sold in any army cantines," a ruling, however, which some years later was rescinded.

Men and women reformers in a temperance crusade in Bloomville, Ohio, in 1891 wrecked a saloon and destroyed its contents. Mrs. Carrie Nation took up the same tactics elsewhere and made the hatchet more famous than it had been since the days of George Washington.

The first world's convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union was also held in Boston that year. The Anti-Saloon League was founded in Oberlin, Ohio, by Howard H. Russell that year and spread all over the United States. In 1894 enforcement of the state dispensary law in South Carolina resulted in the killing of a number of men in liquor raids.

In 1900 many counties through-

out the nation had become "dry" through local option. Omaha, Neb., in 1902 barred women and music from saloons. In 1904 Virginia "outlawed" 250 places for the sale of liquor. Iowa enacted a rigid "anti-bootlegger's" law. Oklahoma's statehood bill, passed by congress in 1906, provided for "prohibition on Indian reservations for 21 years." Montana passed an "anti-wine room" law in 1907. Indiana citizens that year closed more than 700 saloons by means of "remonstrances."

Alabama, Mississippi and North Carolina became prohibition territory in 1909. Texas in 1910 passed a law making it a felony punishable by from three to five years' imprisonment to sell liquor in no-license territory.

In 1911 the Illinois legislature enacted a law forbidding drinking on trains. The United States supreme court in 1912 handed down a decision upholding the constitutionality of prohibition for the Indian section of Oklahoma. West Virginia about the same time voted itself "dry" by state constitutional amendment. The Webb-Kenyon Act, prohibiting the shipment in interstate commerce of intoxicating liquors when such liquors were to be used in violation of law, was passed by congress in 1913 over President Taft's veto.

Many states in 1914 adopted statewide prohibition by constitutional amendment. The Colorado legislature in 1915 made it unlawful to "advertise wine, beer, or liquor anywhere in the state." Florida that same year enacted a law forbidding "treating."

On August 1, 1917, the United States senate adopted the resolution providing for submission to the states of the national prohibition amendment to the constitution and on the following December 18 similar approval was given by the house of representatives. All the states except New Jersey, Connecticut and Rhode Island later voted to ratify it.

A COURT HOUSE OR GOOD ROADS, WHICH?



It's Easy to Ask Questions
but not always so easy to answer them.

The other day a customer asked if we thought the suit he was looking at would please his wife.

"Why didn't you bring your wife along?" was on the tip of our tongue for a minute, but here's what we said:

"If the wife doesn't like that suit when you get it home—bring it back and we will be glad to exchange it, for we wouldn't like to have it said over a bridge table that it was our fault you played the wrong suit."

We know the game too well—that's why we like to have a man bring his wife along in the first place.

Drummond & Alderson
THE MANS STORE

the taxable values, but good roads will.

Less than half the lands of Pontotoc county are taxable. We can get along without the court house until the remaining portion comes on the rolls, but it is very hard to get along without roads. Interest on the bonds at 5 per cent will amount to \$10,000 yearly, if the county can sell bonds at that rate, and the sinking fund on a 20 year basis would be a like sum. With that much added to the tax burdens it would be next to impossible to get a favorable vote on road bonds. We cannot have both, so let's vote down the court house bonds and then vote enough bonds to give this county a good system of roads.

BYRON NORRELL.

Young men's spring suits now on display.—Burk's Style Shop. 1-17-21

Leap Year!

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING OUT LEAPS EVERYTHING.

YOUR NEIGHBOR BUYS ON THE COMMUNITY PLAN, WHY NOT YOU?

The Community Store

IN ADA TO STAY
Phone 309

Democrat Women In Convention Last Saturday

The county convention of the democratic women of Pontotoc county met in the district court room in Ada Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The convention was called to order by Dr. J. A. Deen, chairman of the democratic central committee of the county, with A. R. Sugg, secretary of the committee, acting as secretary.

A temporary organization was perfected by the selection of Mrs. Tom Hope as chairman and Mrs. Marvin Brown as secretary. After prayer had been offered a motion was unanimously adopted to exclude all men from the court room and the remainder of the proceedings were carried on behind closed doors.

In the matter of permanent organization Mrs. Arden L. Bullock was elected chairman and Mrs. Marvin Brown secretary. The call for the county convention by State Chairman Ben Lafayette was then read. A committee consisting of

O. A. Tunnell returned yesterday to Kansas City, Mo., where he has recently been made secretary and treasurer of the Stuart Land Co. of that place, after visiting his family who reside in the city.



COLD WEATHER INSURANCE

School Boys, high school lads, and men who spend a great deal of time outdoors, will find our Overcoats serviceable and comfortable garments.

Judging from the weather now prevailing it looks as though overcoats should be in special demand. We have many styles to offer both for men and young men in prices ranging from—

\$10 to \$44.50

See our White Sale Ad on

page 5

Lungardia

For Coughs, Colds—50c and \$1

This has been tried by a number of our citizens and found to be an excellent cough preparation. Try it for a hard cough.

But when "Little Blondy" wakes up at night with that mean, hacking cough—and cries, "Mother"—just trot out the REXALL CHERRY BARK COUGH SYRUP; it's a rich red and fine and pleasant to take.

Try Cherry Bark—50c, 60c and \$1

Gwin & Mays Drug Store

Retail Remedies

Huyler's Candy

Special Sale of SILKS

Taffetas, Satins, Tussahs, Poplins, Crepes and Fancy Silks, in a wide range of colors, are offered at very special prices. Some pieces are short lengths, others are in generous quantities. They are all desirable at these prices:

Lot 1 Poplins, Tussahs, Messalines and 95c Yard Fancies; special price.

Lot 2 Taffetas, Satins, Crepes and Fan- \$1.95 Yard cies; special price.

STEVENS-WILSON CO.

